

The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME 15.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, MAY 23, 1895.

NUMBER 50

Highest of all in Leavening Power—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

DEMPSEY WINS.

The Nomination for the Railroad Commissionership With Moore Second.

The Currency Question Makes Things Lively.

The convention to nominate a Democratic candidate for railroad commissioner convened in Owensboro Wednesday, May 15, and was called to order by Hon. Henry Barrett, of Paducah, chairman of the Democratic committee of the district.

Maj. T. E. Moss, of Paducah, was chosen temporary chairman, and Mr. C. M. Moacham, secretary of the convention.

After considerable discussion, and some pretty warm speeches the convention was finally organized by making the temporary organization the permanent organization. The committee on credentials reported all of the thirty-nine counties represented.

The roll of counties was then called for nominations; when Crittenden county was called Mr. O. M. James, who had already made a splendid impression upon the convention by his work in the organization, took the floor, and in a most eloquent, timely and impressive speech presented the name of Dr. R. L. Moore. He said he came not to present the name of one panoplied with official honors, nor great in the possession of high sounding titles, nor was he commissioned by a county great in wealth or noted for its official honors to perform this delightful task, but he desired to present the name of one honored and loved at home and cherished in the hearts of as gallant a people as the sun shone upon, because of the many traits that composed his proud manhood. He was a man possessed of all the qualifications that fitted him for the duties of the office to which he aspired; in the school of an active and successful business career, he had been tutored for the work of such an office, in a county where every contest for office was a struggle to the bitter end with the enemy, Dr. Moore, with undiminished courage and an untiring devotion to the cause of Democracy had led fight after fight. The Democracy of Crittenden, holding in high appreciation the services of such a man, and knowing so well his splendid abilities, came to this convention to testify to his worth, and to ask the Democracy of the district to honor one so competent, so deserving, and one whom we pledge, should he be successful, would be fair, just and impartial to all interests, and would make a record of which the people of the district would be proud. "The Democracy of Crittenden," said Mr. James, "as well as myself, rejoice in the achievements of the people of the Second congressional district, we say all honor, all praise to her brilliant men who have added to the good name of the State; we would not pluck a single laurel from your brow, but in all fairness it is time to give the First district some of the honors and the emoluments. Since the commission was created the Second district has held the office; now we present a man who is the peer of those who so ably filled the office heretofore, and we present the name of Dr. Moore to this convention and ask that he be nominated."

The speech was roundly applauded all through, and when Mr. James had finished the applause was deafening, showing that the speaker had caught the ears and hearts of the convention.

Messrs. Morrow, Miller and Dempsey were then placed in nomination, by their respective friends, and the speeches were all good. After the nominations were closed the balloting commenced. The first ballot was as follows:

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This dropped Richardson, and left the final vote between Dempsey and Moore, and the election of Dempsey being a foregone conclusion, Mr. O. M. James, acting under advice of Dr. Moore's friends, withdrew that gentleman's name and made a motion that Dempsey be declared the nominee by acclamation. The motion carried, and amid great enthusiasm Dempsey was declared the nominee.

After this came the biggest fight of the convention. Mr. John S. Rhea had offered the following resolution:

The Democrats of the First railroad commissioner district, in convention assembled, recommend the following to the Democracy of the state:

1st. We declare with unfaltering trust that it is a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the federal government has no constitutional power to impose and collect tariff duties except for the purpose of revenue duties.

2d. We endorse the repeal of the McKinley law and the reduction of tariff duties accomplished by a Democratic congress, and demand that the return this law shall be vigorously carried forward until the levy and collection of tariff taxes shall be limited to the actual necessities of the government when honestly and economically administered.

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Those who were for the resolution wanted to hear Rhea speak, and those who were against wanted to adjourn. Each side tried to shout the other down. Rhea mounted a table and said he would be heard if he had to stay there a week. Ex-Congressman Ellis was on the table too, demanding that Rhea be heard. Ollie James was on the table too, shouting to the anti-silver forces: "You are cowards." After pandemonium reigned for about an hour, the chair restored order, recognized Rhea, and he made a strong speech, urging the passage of his resolutions. Ellis made a speech along the same line; Wheeler, of Paducah, offered a substitute, referring the currency question to the State Convention, and argued for the adoption of the substitute. Ollie James got the floor and made a rousing speech for the Rhea resolutions, and for the free coinage of silver. Finally the substitute was voted down and the Rhea resolutions went through with a whoop. Mr. Dempsey was escorted to the stand and made a timely speech accepting the nomination and the convention adjourned.

NOTES.

Lyon county voted for Crittenden

on every ballot after the first.

Trigg county voted for Dr. Moore on every ballot.

The convention was largely for silver, even many of those who voted against the Rhea resolution were out and out silver men; they simply wanted to postpone until the State Convention.

Ollie James made the best nominating speech of the convention. He is the coming man of the First Congressional district.

Dr. Moore made friends by the score; he was popular with the delegates and the candidates were all for him, after self.

Carlisle and Ballard counties are the only ones in the First district that failed to give Dr. Moore a vote.

Crittenden's delegation was solid for the Rhea resolution; Livingston county voted 23 votes for and 23 against the Rhea resolution; G. N. McGraw cast the votes for it, while John Gray voted for the Wheeler substitute, postponing the silver question until the State Convention.

Crittenden county should and will always remember the county of Hancock. It voted for our candidate first, last and all the time.

IT IS A CYCLONE.

Says Senator Mitchell, of Free Coinage Agitation.

Portland, Ore., May 16.—A morning paper publishes a personal letter from Senator John L. Mitchell to Secretary of State Harrison B. Knicker, in which the Senator expresses the hope that the Convention of the Young Men's Republican clubs will adopt a resolution on the money question. In view of the fact that Senator Mitchell is one of the ablest leaders of the Republican party in this State, and the recognized leader of the silver faction, his opinion and desires will carry much weight with the convention. In part his letter is as follows:

"It certainly must be gratifying to you, and I am sure it is to me, to see the headway the silver sentiment is making throughout the country. It seems to have become a cyclone. The people are beginning to understand the question. They are just coming to realize how their interests have been murdered for the past few years by the enforcement of the single gold standard, and the appreciation of gold which is going up at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, all the time, thus depressing the price of every commodity in the same proportion. I hope the Republican state club association will speak out boldly and fearlessly on the money question. The leaders of the Republican party now in the east are beginning to realize for the first time that the can't win the next fight with a straddle-bug resolution on the money question in the platform."

TRIED TO HANG HIM.

Woolen Mill Girls Viciously Attack a New Foreman.

Trenton, N. J., May 17.—Charles F. Swain is a handsome young man who came from Philadelphia Sunday to become foreman of the Wilson woolen mill here.

Yesterday morning he went to the mill to get acquainted with his new job and was shown around by foreman McGregor, whom he was to succeed. When they passed through the weaving room, where more than a hundred young women were at work, the latter rose in their wrath, declared Swain should not take McGregor's place, gathered around him, showered him with bobkins thrown at his head, and finally, with the aid of fifty card boys and spinners assistants, tried to hang him. Swain escaped and proposed to go back to Philadelphia, but the mill management took his part so vigorously that quiet was restored and he assumed charge.

Moses Hermansohn, a merchant of Lafayette, Christian county, Ky., has made an assignment to T. J. Moore, of that town. Hermansohn's liabilities are about \$5000 with assets of about \$600, and on this Marcus Weinburg, a peddler, has a mortgage for \$1,000. Hermansohn's assignment catches quite a number of merchants in Louisville, who have sold goods to him on ninety days time.

UNCLE SAM'S GREENBACKS.

How They are Made, and What Precautions are Taken to Prevent Counterfeiting Them.

An Iron Clad Monopoly Run by The Government

Special to the Press.

Washington, May 21.—No honest man disputes the right of the government to maintain its monopoly of the business of manufacturing paper money. In order to outwit the counterfeiters the greatest care is necessary. In the first place the peculiar paper employed, which is made of silk fiber and has threads of colored silk embedded in its surface, can only be made under strictest supervision of the agents of the Treasury Department. If a private individual should be found in possession of even a small piece of uppin' el paper he would be liable to twenty years imprisonment at hard labor in addition to the payment of a fine of \$5,000. The sheets are counted scores of times from the time they leave the paper mill at Springfield, Mass., until they are ready for circulation, and each person through whose hands they pass gives a receipt for the quantity received, and is held strictly responsible for the safety of his charge.

In the matter of engraving, every possible precaution is taken to prevent fraud, and the resources of the art are resorted to to produce designs which can not be copied. Occasionally workmen have been detected in the practice of making duplicate plates, one for the government and the other for private use, but such practice has been always most emphatically frowned upon when discovered. The work upon each bill is subdivided among so many employees at present that it is not thought possible for any workman to obtain an entire plate. When the designs for the front and backs of the bills are decided upon, the work for the different sections, if divided among the various engravers; for instance, one man will be given the portrait, another the border line, another the lettering, and still another the scroll work. Each man, excepting the one that does the scroll work, patiently reproduces upon a plate of soft steel the part of the designs given him. The work is wholly hand labor, each dot and line being carefully cut with sharp pointed chisels, or "gravers."

The scroll work is done with a machine called a "lathe." This machine works upon the principle of the "pantograph," which is used in copying pictures. The design for the scroll is made upon a large scale and this is followed by the end of the long arm of the lever. The short end of the lever carries a cutting tool which reproduces the design in the proper scale upon the ordinary soft steel plate. When all of the parts of the design are completed and turned in, they are tempered or hardened and are then passed beneath a roller of soft steel, under great pressure. The designs are thus transferred to the roller, one at a time, and joined together in their proper order, so that when completed the roller will have the complete design for one side of the bill, but every cut in the line of the original design appears as a projection, and vice versa. In other words the roller represents an "intaglio" impression of the design. This roller is in turn tempered and the hardest part of the work is accomplished.

From this roller as many printing plates as may be desired can be made. The steel plates are first softened then passed beneath the "intaglio" roller, and then tempered. When the plate has been worn smooth it can be again softened and passed under the roller. Each plate prints four bills, and frequently as many as eighty or a hundred plates of each denomination will be in use at the same time. Rollers of this character have been known to reproduce the designs upon as many as ten thousand plates before wearing out. The backs of the bills are printed in one operation in green ink, then after being dried, the faces are printed in black. Before leaving the Bureau of Engraving and Printing the bills are numbered in blue in the upper right hand and lower left hand corners. After reaching the Treasury building prior to their receipt the final impression which is the red seal of the Treasury of the United States, and are cut apart. Not until the seal is imprinted can they be used as money.

The routine work of the plate engraver is so different from that of the ordinary printer, particularly in so far as producing money is concerned, that it is worthy of special mention, but, as Rodney Kipling says, "this is another story."

THE NEWS.

The Kickapoo Indian country will be opened to settlement, to-day.

Ex-President Harrison got a \$15,000 fee in the Morrison will case, Richmond, Ind.

Five persons were killed by the explosion of a powder mill at Johnson May 3.

Robert Tyler Jones, grandson of President Tyler, and the only male person ever born in the White House, died in Washington Sunday.

The Carnegie steel works, limited, employing nearly fifteen thousand men, have decided to advance wages ten per cent., from the first day of next June.

In Coffee county, Ala., Jerido Shivers was bound hand and foot by a mob and thrown into a river and drowned, he had assaulted a young woman.

There is great excitement in Marshall county, Ala., near Gadsden, over the discovery of gold, which is now believed to exist in paying quantities.

Three negroes were flayed alive and then burned in a swamp on the Seawee river, Florida, Saturday night, for outraging and murdering a young white woman.

Mexico has adopted a law providing that train robbers, shall if captured in an attempt to rob a train, be shot on the spot without the formality of a trial.

A number of members of the New York Legislature have been indicted for bribery by the grand jury. One of them is said to have been paid \$2,000 for his vote.

Tammany Hall has reorganized by the election of ex-Recorder Frederick Smith as grand sachem, to succeed ex-Mayor Gilroy of New York, who has been turned down by the dominant Crocker faction.

A company has been formed at Waukegon to send coolness around in pipes, so that a man can turn a tap in his own house and produce a temperature of 100 degrees below zero as easy as wink. But who wants that kind of a temperature?

It is stated that Spain has sent a note to Russia, France and Germany contending that, as the Japanese did not hold Formosa when the treaty of peace was signed, their right to occupy the island in face of the opposition of its inhabitants, is disputable, and is a suitable pretext for further intervention.

In Rock Castle county, Rev Capps, a well to do Baptist preacher, quarreled with his second wife about his children, when she told him that she would sue for a divorce, without uttering another word and without the loss of a moment, he drew a pistol and began firing rapidly at his wife. Four out of the five bullets struck her. One entered her forehead directly between the eyes, another penetrated the breast, a third went into her left shoulder, and the fourth into her left arm. She fell to the floor almost lifeless. Then he drew a dull pocket knife and attempted to cut his throat with it. The blade was too dull to more than lacerate the skin. Throwing the knife away, he went into an adjoining room, procured a razor, and almost served his wind pipe. This he did in his yard, where he was found shortly afterward by Sheriff Cummings.

The art of newspaper writing is telling a thing clearly and entertainingly says the Missouri Editor. It is not so much the thing as the way it is told. The duller of subjects can be made attractive and the most exciting can appear insipid. It depends upon the narration. Newspaper writing must be clear as water, it must be catchy and interesting. Short sentences, pithy, pungent and racy. The ideas must be conveyed vividly. The essayist or the novelist can never be an editor. The styles are wholly different. The best school for newspaper writing is the experience and atmosphere of newspaper work. It must be rapid, scintillating, and to the point. A thing must be told just as it happened. Any attempt at romantic or fine writing spoils it. A newspaper report should possess the sparkle and directness of an animated conversation, sufficiently clear and plain to be intelligible to every mind, but just finished and forceful enough not to be commonplace. Whether it be a news item or editorial, it should always be interesting.

Programme

Of District Sunday School Convention of First District, to be held at Wilson's Chapel, Saturday, June 1, 1895:

9:30 Devotional service, conducted by W. J. Hill.
10:00 How can we improve our Sunday school?
10:20 Discussion of topic.
10:30 Music.
10:40 Appointment of committees.
10:50 Report of district president, H. S. Wheeler.
11:10 Reports from schools.
11:25 Music.
11:30 Our county work, its object and aim.
12:00 Intermission.

1:30 Music.
1:50 The influence of the Sunday school on citizenship, on society and on the church.
2:15 Discussion of topic.
2:25 Music.
2:35 Statistics and finances, their importance and their aim.
3:00 Discussion.
3:10 Music.

3:20 Importance of efficient primary teaching.
3:40 Discussion of topic.
3:50 Report of committees.

We hope every Sunday school worker will have something to say under "Discussion of Topic." Let all come with baskets well filled and make it a pleasant day. Every singing class will have a place on programme.

J. F. PRICE, Co. Pres.

May Term, 13th Day May, 1895.

CRITTENDEN COUNTY COURT.

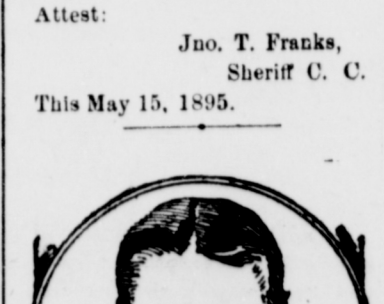
Present and presiding, J. A. Moore, Judge.

On motion of M. H. Weldon and others. Upon application by written petition heretofore filed, signed by a number of legal voters in each precinct of Crittenden county, equal to 25 per cent. of the votes cast in each of said precincts at the last general election held in said county, with the required fees, as required by law, praying the court to make an order submitting to the sense of the legal voters of said county upon the proposition, whether or not spirituous, vinous or malt liquors shall be sold, bartered or loaned in said county. It is therefore ordered by the court that John T. Franks, sheriff, or other officer whose duty it is to hold elections, to open or cause to be opened a poll in each of the voting precincts of said county, on Saturday, the 20th day of July, 1895, for the purpose of taking the sense of the legal qualified voters of said county upon the proposition whether or not spirituous, vinous or malt liquors shall be sold, bartered or loaned in said county.

A copy, attest:
D. Woods,
Clerk Crit. Co. Court.

By virtue of the foregoing order there will be a poll opened on Saturday, July 20, 1895, at the voting precinct in this county to take the sense of the legal qualified voters on the proposition, whether or not spirituous, vinous or malt liquors shall be sold, bartered or loaned in said county.

Attest:
Jno. T. Franks,
Sheriff C. C.
This May 15, 1895.



Hood's is Good
Makes Pure Blood
Scrofula Thoroughly Eradicated.
"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:
"It is with pleasure that I give you the details of my little May's sickness and her return to health by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla. She was taken down with
Fever and a Bad Cough.
Following this a sore came on her right side between the two lower ribs. In a short time another broke on the left side. She would take spells of sore mouth and when we had succeeded in overcoming this she would suffer with attacks of high fever and sleepless nights, and was finally taken down with a severe attack of the same kind. Now she looks like
The Bloom of Health
and is fat as a pig. We feel grateful and cannot say too much in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Best, A. M. ADAMS, Indiana, Tennessee."

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures
Sore Throat and all ailments that give rise to it. It is a blood purifier and cleanses the system. It is a blood purifier and cleanses the system. It is a blood purifier and cleanses the system.

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ARE YOU BANKRUPT in health, constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so, NEVER DESPAIR

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you. For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases. **Tutt's Liver Pills** an absolute cure.

Constipation & Biliousness

Sick-headache, Pains in the back, Sallow complexion, Loss of appetite and Exhaustion.

There is only one cure, which is **RAMON'S LIVER PILLS**—AND—**TONIC PELLETS**

One Pink Pill touches the liver and removes the bile. One Tonic Pellet nightly, acts as a gentle laxative in keeping the bowels open, restores the digestive organs, tones up the nervous system and makes new rich blood. Complete treatment, two medicines, one price, 25c. Treatise and sample free at any store. **BROWN & CO., New York.**

Attention Farmers.

We are now ready to handle all your surplus wheat, for which we will pay you the highest market price. **A. Dewey & Co.**

Are You Ready For the Harvest? 1895.

There's only one way to get ready so that you can be sure that you are ready—and I am ready to get you ready with the World-Beating.

LIGHT-RUNNING McCORMICK STEEL BINDERS AND MOWERS.

BEST IN THE WORLD

Because Most Durably Built, Lightest in Draft, Greatest in Capacity, Simplest in Construction. All Competition Staid Away from the McCormick in the

World's Fair Tests

I might to-day be selling a line of so-called "cheap" machines at a price which would still be high, but prefer to sell the high-value McCormick at a price which experience will most assuredly prove is low. Glad to show my friends these machines at any time. Come in and see them.

I also represent the best threshers, engines, saw mills, corn mills, corn crushers, cane mills, hay presses, etc., direct from the manufacturers, and keep on hand machinery repairs and supplies. My binder twine is new See McCormick sign.

Yours Truly,
H. F. RAY.

Wool Carding!

The undersigned desires to say that he is now prepared to Card Wool. Having had twenty years experience in wool carding and my machine being in first class order I feel safe in saying that I can and will do satisfactory work. Parties living at a distance can club together and send wool in hundred pound lots or over. I will pay freight one way. Mark each parcel of wool with owners name and say cash or toll. Send one pound of clean lard for eight pounds of wool.

Very Respectfully,

R. N. DOSS,
MARION, KY.

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Woolen Mill Girls Viciously Attack a New Foreman.

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In Coffee county, Ala., Jerido Shivers was bound hand and foot by a mob and thrown into a river and drowned, he had assaulted a young woman.

There is great excitement in Marshall county, Ala., near Gadsden, over the discovery of gold, which is now believed to exist in paying quantities.

Three negroes were flayed alive and then burned in a swamp on the Sewanee river, Florida, Saturday night, for outraging and murdering a young white woman.

Mexico has adopted a law providing that train robbers, shall if captured in an attempt to rob a train, be shot on the spot without the formality of a trial.

A number of members of the New York Legislature have been indicted for bribery by the grand jury. One of them is said to have been paid \$2,000 for his vote.

Tammam Hall has reorganized by the election of ex-Recorder Frederick Smith as grand sachein, to succeed ex-Mayor Gilroy of New York, who has been turned down by the dominant Crocker faction.

A company has been formed at Waukegon to send coolness around in pipes, so that a man can turn a tap in his own house and produce a temperature of 100 degrees below zero as easy as wink. But who wants that kind of a temperature?

It is stated that Spain has sent a note to Russia, France and Germany contending that, as the Japanese did not hold Formosa when the treaty of peace was signed, their right to occupy the island in face of the opposition of its inhabitants, is disputable, and is a suitable pretext for further intervention.

In Rock Castle county, Rev. Capps, a well to do Baptist preacher, quarreled with his second wife about his children, when she told him that she would sue for a divorce, without uttering another word and without the loss of a moment, he drew a pistol and began firing rapidly at his wife. Four out of the five bullets struck her. One entered her forehead directly between the eyes, another penetrated the breast, a third went into her left shoulder, and the fourth into her left arm. She fell to the floor almost lifeless. Then he drew a dull pocket knife and attempted to cut his throat with it. The blade was too dull to more than lacerate the skin. Throwing the knife away, he went into an adjoining room, procured a razor, and almost served his wind pipe. This he did in his yard, where he was found shortly afterward by Sheriff Cummings.

The art of newspaper writing is telling a thing clearly and entertainingly says the Missouri Editor. It is not much the thing as the way it is told. The dullest of subjects can be made attractive and the most exciting can appear insipid. It depends upon the narration. Newspaper writing must be clear as water, it must be catchy and interesting. Short sentences, pithy, pungent and racy. The ideas must be conveyed vividly. The essayist or the novelist can never be an editor. The styles are wholly different. The best school for newspaper writing is the experience and atmosphere of newspaper work. It must be rapid, scintillating, and to the point. A thing must be told just as it happened. Any attempt at romanticism or fine writing spoils it. A newspaper report should possess the sparkle and directness of an animated conversation, sufficiently clear and plain to be intelligible to every mind, but just finished and forceful enough not to be commonplace. Whether it be a news item or editorial, it should always be interesting.

Programme

Of District Sunday School Convention of First District, to be held at Wilson's Chapel, Saturday, June 1, 1895:

- 9:30 Devotional service, conducted by W. J. Hill.
- 10:00 How can we improve our Sunday school?
- 10:20 Discussion of topic.
- 10:30 Music.
- 10:40 Appointment of committees.
- 10:50 Report of district president, H. S. Wheeler.
- 11:10 Reports from schools.
- 11:25 Music.
- 11:30 Our county work, its object and aim.
- 12:00 Intermission.
- 1:30 Music.
- 1:50 The influence of the Sunday school on citizenship, on society and on the church.
- 2:15 Discussion of topic.
- 2:25 Music.
- 2:35 Statistics and finances, their importance and their aim.
- 3:00 Discussion.
- 3:10 Music.
- 3:20 Importance of efficient primary teaching.
- 3:40 Discussion of topic.
- 3:50 Report of committees.

We hope every Sunday school worker will have something to say under "Discussion of Topic." Let all come with baskets well filled and make it a pleasant day. Every singing class will have a place on programme.

J. F. PRICE, Co. Pres.

May Term, 13th Day May, 1895.

CRITTENDEN COUNTY COURT.

Present and presiding, J. A. Moore, Judge.

On motion of M. H. Weldon and others. Upon application by written petition heretofore filed, signed by a number of legal voters in each precinct of Crittenden county, equal to 25 per cent. of the votes cast in each of said precincts at the last general election held in said county, with the required fees, as required by law, praying the court to make an order submitting to the sense of the legal voters of said county upon the proposition, whether or not spirituous, vinous or malt liquors shall be sold, bartered or loaned in said county. It is therefore ordered by the court that John T. Franks, sheriff, or other officer whose duty it is to hold elections, to open or cause to be opened a poll in each of the voting precincts of said county, on Saturday, the 20th day of July, 1895, for the purpose of taking the sense of the legal qualified voters of said county upon the proposition whether or not spirituous, vinous or malt liquors shall be sold, bartered or loaned in said county.

A copy, attest:

D. Woods,

Clerk Crit. Co. Court.

By virtue of the foregoing order there will be a poll opened on Saturday, July 20, 1895, at the voting precinct in this county to take the sense of the legal qualified voters on the proposition, whether or not spirituous, vinous or malt liquors shall be sold, bartered or loaned in said county.

Attest:

Jno. T. Franks,

Sheriff C. C.

This May 15, 1895.

May Adams

Hood's is Good

Makes Pure Blood

Scrupulously Thoroughly Eradicated.

"It is with pleasure that I give you the details of my little May's sickness and her return to health by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla. She was taken down with

Fever and a Bad Cough.

Following this a sore came on her right side between the two lower ribs. In a short time another broke on the left side. She would take meals of sore mouth and when we had succeeded in overcoming this she would suffer with attacks of high fever and rapid blood poisoning. Her head was affected and had to be cooled from her ears. After each attack she had

Fever and a Bad Cough.

The Bloom of Health

and is not a pig. We feel grateful and happy for low much in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mrs. A. M. Adams, Indianapolis, Tennessee.

Hood's Pills are not only, yet promptly and effectively, on the bowels and cleanse the

ARE YOU BANKRUPT in health,

constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so,

NEVER DESPAIR

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you.

For sick headache, dyspepsia,

sour stomach, malaria, torpid

liver, constipation, biliousness

and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

an absolute cure.

Having bought out the Geo. L. Rankin stock of goods at Weston, I am selling the old stock out regardless of cost. I have put in a new stock of goods and am selling them at rock bottom prices and ask all to come and see me. I have everything kept in a country store—dry goods, groceries, farming implements of every kind. You will find Mr. G. L. Rankin willing to wait on you and sell you goods for cash at lowest prices, and I make a specialty of Ohio river salt, which I am selling at \$1 per bbl., Call and see me before buying elsewhere.

Respy, E. H. PORTER,

Weston, Ky.

IF YOU OWE US.

We now say to you with the kindest of feeling, but in all earnestness, that we must have the money at once. It will be entirely useless for any one to any for more time, as it is impossible for us to extend further accommodation in that direction. This is no longer a matter of friendship but of absolute necessity and of business with us. We must have the money you owe us in order to pay our own debts. Mr. George M. Cridler has charge of all our notes and accounts and he is instructed to pass no one, but collect from all alike.

Prompt action on your part will save you money.

Yours truly,

PIERCE & SON.

THE MOST remarkable cures on record have been accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is unequalled for all BLOOD DISEASES.

Attention Farmers.

We are now ready to handle all your surplus wheat, for which we will pay you the highest market price.

A. Dewey & Co.

Are You Ready

For the Harvest?

1895.

There's only one way to get ready so that you can be sure that you are ready—and I am ready to get you ready with the World-Beating.

LIGHT-RUNNING

MCCORMICK

STEEL

BINDERS AND

MOWERS.

BEST IN THE . . .

WORLD

Most Durably Built.

Lightest in Draft.

Greatest in Capacity.

Simplest in Construction.

All Competition Staid Away from the McCormick in the

World's Fair Tests

I might to-day be selling a line of so-called "cheap" machines at a price which would still be high, but for the high-value McCormick at a price which experience will most assuredly prove is low. Glad to show my friends these machines at any time. Come in and see them.

I also represent the best threshers, engines, saw mills, corn mills, corn crushers, cane mills, hay presses, etc., direct from the manufacturers, and keep on hand machinery repairs and supplies. My binder twine is new See McCormick sign.

Yours Truly,

H. F. RAY.

Wool Carding!

The undersigned desires to say that he is now prepared to Card Wool. Having had twenty years experience in wool carding and my machine being in first class order I feel safe in saying that I can and will do satisfactory work. Parties living at a distance can club together and send wool in hundred pound lots or over. I will pay freight one way. Mark each parcel of wool with owners name and say, cash or toll. Send one pound of clean lard for eight pounds of wool.

Very Respectfully,

R. N. DOSS,

MARION, KY.

The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME 15.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, MAY 23, 1895.

NUMBER 50

Highest of all in Leavening Power—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

DEMPSEY WINS.

The Nomination for the Railroad Commissioner With Moore Second.

The Currency Question Makes Things Lively.

The convention to nominate a Democratic candidate for railroad commissioner convened in Owensboro Wednesday, May 15, and was called to order by Hon. Henry Barlett, of Paducah, chairman of the Democratic committee of the district.

Maj. T. E. Moss, of Paducah, was chosen temporary chairman, and Mr. C. M. Meacham, secretary of the convention.

After considerable discussion, and some pretty warm speeches by making the temporary organization the permanent organization. The committee on credentials reported all of the thirty-nine counties represented.

The roll of counties was then called for nominations; when Crittenden county was called Mr. O. M. James, who had already made a splendid impression upon the convention by his work in the organization, took the floor, and in a most eloquent, timely and impressive speech presented the views of Dr. R. L. Moore. He said he came not to present the name of one paroled with official honors, nor great in the possession of high sounding titles, nor was he commissioned by a county great in wealth or noted for its official honors to perform this delightful task, but he desired to present the name of one honored and loved at home and cherished in the hearts of as gallant a people as the sun shone upon, because of the many traits that composed his proud manhood. He was a man possessed of all the qualifications that fitted him for the duties of the office to which he aspired; in the school of an active and successful business career, he had been tutored for the work of such an office, in a county where every contest for office was a struggle to the bitter end with the enemy, Dr. Moore, with unflinching courage and an untiring devotion to the cause of Democracy had led fight after fight. The Democracy of Crittenden, holding in high appreciation the services of such a man, and knowing so well his splendid abilities, came to this convention to testify to his worth, and to ask the Democracy of the district to honor one so competent, so deserving, and one whom we pledge, should he be successful, would be fair, just and impartial to all interests, and would make a record of which the people of the district would be proud. "The Democracy of Crittenden," said Mr. James, "as well as myself, rejoice in the achievements of the people of the Second congressional district, we say all honor, all praise to her brilliant men who have added to the good name of the State; we would not pluck a single laurel from your brow, but in all fairness it is time to give the First district some of the honors and the emoluments. Since the commission was created the Second district has held the office; now we present a man who is the peer of those who so ably filled the office heretofore, and we present the name of Dr. Moore to this convention and ask that he be nominated."

The speech was roundly applauded all through, and when Mr. James had finished the applause was deafening, showing that the speaker had caught the ears and hearts of the convention.

Messrs. Morrow, Miller and Dempsey were then placed in nomination, by their respective friends, and the speeches were all good. After the nominations were closed the balloting commenced. The first ballot was as follows:

Dempsey,	116 3 5
Richardson,	60 3 5
Miller,	34 1 10
Moore,	29 3 5
Morrow,	29 1 10

After this ballot a motion was made to adjourn, and there was a hot fight over it, but the chairman declared the motion carried, and the convention adjourned until Thursday morning.

On the first ballot Dr. Moore's friends expected him to be third, but Lyon county voted for Miller, and this gave him the third place.

On Thursday morning a rule was adopted to drop the hindmost candidate after the third ballot.

SECOND BALLOT.

Dempsey,	117 3 5
Richardson,	60 3 5
Moore,	39 3 5
Morrow,	29 1 10
Miller,	24 1 10

THIRD BALLOT.

Dempsey,	117 3 5
Richardson,	60 3 5
Moore,	33 3 5
Morrow,	30 1 10
Miller,	29 1 10

FOURTH BALLOT.

Dempsey,	104 3 5
Richardson,	68 3 4
Moore,	57 1 4
Miller,	46 1 4

FIFTH BALLOT.

Dempsey,	101 2 3
Moore,	88 2 3
Richardson,	85 3 3

This dropped Richardson, and left the final vote between Dempsey and Moore, and the election of Dempsey being a foregone conclusion, Mr. O. M. James, acting under advice of Dr. Moore's friends, withdrew that gentleman's name and made a motion that Dempsey be declared the nominee by acclamation. The motion carried, and amid great enthusiasm Dempsey was declared the nominee.

After this came the biggest fight of the convention. Mr. John S. Rhea had offered the following resolution:

The Democracy of the First railroad commissioner district, in convention assembled, recommend the following to the Democracy of the state:

1st. We declare with unflinching trust that it is a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the federal government has no constitutional power to impose and collect tariff duties except for the purpose of revenue duties.

2d. We endorse the repeal of the McKinley law and the reduction of tariff duties accomplished by a Democratic congress, and demand that the repeal of this law shall be vigorously carried forward until the levy and collection of tariff taxes shall be limited to the actual necessities of the government when honestly and economically administered.

3d. We declare it to be an elementary principle of Democracy's faith that both gold and silver coin shall constitute the primary money of the country, that both metals shall be received for mintage without discriminating against either, and at the legal ratio that existed prior to 1873 (16 to 1) and we demand the unrestricted coinage of both gold and silver at their legal ratio, and that both metals be declared full legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private.

Those who were for the resolution wanted to hear Rhea speak, and those who were against wanted to adjourn. Each side tried to shout the other down. Rhea mounted a table and said he would be heard if he had to stay there a week. Ex-Congressman Ellis was on the table too, demanding that Rhea be heard. Ollie James was on the table too, shouting to the anti-silver forces: "You are cowards." After pandemonium reigned for about an hour, the chair restored order, recognized Rhea, and he made a strong speech, urging the passage of his resolutions. Ellis made a speech along the same line; Wheeler, of Paducah, offered a substitute, referring the currency question to the State Convention, and argued for the adoption of the substitute. Ollie James got the floor and made a rousing speech for the Rhea resolutions, and for the free coinage of silver. Finally the substitute was voted down and the Rhea resolutions went through with a whoop. Mr. Dempsey was escorted to the stand and made a timely speech accepting the nomination and the convention adjourned.

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The Carnegie steel works, limited, employing nearly fifteen thousand men, have decided to advance wages ten per cent., from the first day of next June.

In Coffee county, Ala., Jerido Shivers was bound hand and foot by a mob and thrown into a river and drowned, he had assaulted a young woman.

There is great excitement in Marshall county, Ala., near Gadsden, over the discovery of gold, which is now believed to exist in paying quantities.

Three negroes were flayed alive and then burned in a swamp on the Sewanee river, Florida, Saturday night, for outraging and murdering a young white woman.

Mexico has adopted a law providing that train robbers, shall if captured in an attempt to rob a train, be shot on the spot without the formality of a trial.

A number of members of the New York Legislature have been indicted for bribery by the grand jury. One of them is said to have been paid \$2,000 for his vote.

Tammany Hall has reorganized by the election of ex-Recorder Frederick Smith as grand sachem, to succeed ex-Mayor Gilroy of New York, who has been turned down by the dominant Crocker faction.

A company has been formed at Waukegon to send coolness around in pipes, so that a man can turn a tap in his own house and produce a temperature of 100 degrees below zero as easy as wink. But who wants that kind of a temperature?

It is stated that Spain has sent a note to Russia, France and Germany contending that, as the Japanese did not hold Formosa when the treaty of peace was signed, their right to occupy the island in face of the opposition of its inhabitants, is disputable, and is a suitable pretext for further intervention.

In Rock Castle county, Rev. Capps, a well to do Baptist preacher, quarreled with his second wife about his children, when she told him that she would sue for a divorce, without uttering another word and without the loss of a moment, he drew a pistol and began firing rapidly at his wife. Four out of the five bullets struck her. One entered her forehead directly between the eyes, another penetrated the breast, a third went into her left shoulder, and the fourth into her left arm. She fell to the floor almost lifeless. Then he drew a dull pocket knife and attempted to cut his throat with it. The blade was too dull to more than lacerate the skin. Throwing the knife away, he went into an adjoining room, procured a razor, and almost served his wind pipe. This he did in his yard, where he was found shortly afterward by Sheriff Cummings.

The art of newspaper writing is telling a thing clearly and entertainingly says the Missouri Editor. It is not so much the thing as the way it is told. The duller of subjects can be made attractive and the most exciting can appear insipid. It depends upon the narration. Newspaper writing must be clear as water, it must be catchy and interesting. Short sentences, pithy, pungent and racy. The ideas must be conveyed vividly. The essayist or the novelist can never be an editor. The styles are wholly different. The best school for newspaper writing is the experience and atmosphere of newspaper work. It must be rapid, scintillating, and to the point. A thing must be told just as it happened. Any attempt at romanticism or fine writing spoils it. A newspaper report should possess the sparkle and directness of an animated conversation, sufficiently clear and plain to be intelligible to every mind, but just finished and forceful enough not to be commonplace. Whether it be a news item or editorial, it should always be interesting.

Programme

Of District Sunday School Convention of First District, to be held at Wilson's Chapel, Saturday, June 1, 1895:

9:30 Devotional service, conducted by W. J. Hill.

10:30 How can we improve our Sunday school?

10:20 Discussion of topic.

10:30 Music.

10:40 Appointment of committees.

10:50 Report of district president, H. S. Wheeler.

11:10 Reports from schools.

11:25 Music.

11:30 Our county work, its object and aim.

12:00 Intermission.

1:30 Music.

1:50 The influence of the Sunday school on citizenship, on society and on the church.

2:15 Discussion of topic.

2:25 Music.

2:35 Statistics and finances, their importance and their aim.

3:00 Discussion.

3:10 Music.

3:20 Importance of efficient primary teaching.

3:40 Discussion of topic.

3:50 Report of committees.

We hope every Sunday school worker will have something to say under "Discussion of Topic." Let all come with baskets well filled and make it a pleasant day. Every singing class will have a place on programme.

J. F. PRICE, Co. Pres.

May Term, 13th Day May, 1895.

CRITTENDEN COUNTY COURT.

Present and presiding, J. A. Moore, Judge.

On motion of M. H. Weldon and others. Upon application by written petition heretofore filed, signed by a number of legal voters in each precinct of Crittenden county, equal to 25 per cent. of the votes cast in each of said precincts at the last general election held in said county, with the required fees, as required by law, praying the court to make an order submitting to the sense of the legal voters of said county upon the proposition, whether or not to spirituous, vinous or malt liquors shall be sold, bartered or loaned in said county.

A copy, attest:

D. Woods, Clerk Crit. Co. Court.

By virtue of the foregoing order there will be a poll opened on Saturday, July 20, 1895, at the voting precinct in this county to take the sense of the legal qualified voters on the proposition, whether or not spirituous, vinous or malt liquors shall be sold, bartered or loaned in said county.

Attest:

Jno. T. Franks, Sheriff C. C.

This May 15, 1895.

May Adams.

Hood's is Good Makes Pure Blood

Scrofula Thoroughly Eradicated.

"It is with pleasure that I give you the details of my little May's sickness and her return to health by the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla. She was taken down with

Fever and a Bad Cough.

Following this a sore came on her right side between the two lower ribs. It is a short time after broke on the left side. She would take spells of sore mouth and when we had succeeded in overcoming this she would suffer with attacks of high fever and expectorated bloody looking mucus. Her head was affected and would come from her ears. After each attack she was taken down with

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

name worse and all treatment failed to give her relief until we began to use Hood's Sarsaparilla. After she had taken one-half bottle we could see that she was better. We continued until she had taken three bottles. Now she looks like

The Bloom of Health and is fat as a pig. We feel grateful, and cannot say too much in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mrs. A. M. Adams, Indian, Tennessee.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. etc.

ARE YOU BANKRUPT

in health, constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so, NEVER DESPAIR

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you.

For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills an absolute cure.

Constipation & Billousness

Sick-headache, Pains in the back, Sallow complexion, Loss of appetite and Exhaustion.

There is only one cure, which is

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS AND TONIC PELLETS

One Pink Pill touches the liver and removes the bile.

One Tonic Pellet nightly, acts as a gentle laxative in keeping the bowels open, restores the digestive organs, tones up the nervous system and makes new rich blood. Complete treatment, two medicines, one price, 25c.

Treatise and sample free at any store.

230 W. 4th St., New York.

Attention Farmers.

We are now ready to handle all your surplus wheat, for which we will pay you the highest market price.

A. Dewey & Co.

Are You Ready For the Harvest? 1895.

There's only one way to get ready so that you can be sure that you are ready—and I am ready to get you ready with the World-Beating.

LIGHT-RUNNING McCORMICK STEEL BINDERS AND MOWERS.

BEST IN THE WORLD

Most Durable Built, Lightest in Draft, Greatest in Capacity, Simplest in Construction.

All Competition Staid Away from the McCormick in the

World's Fair Tests

I might to-day be selling a line of so-called "cheap" machines at a price which would still be high, but prefer to sell the high-value McCormick at a price which experience will most assuredly prove is low. Glad to show my friends these machines at any time. Come in and see them.

I also represent the best threshers, engines, saw mills, corn mills, corn crushers, cane mills, hay presses, etc., direct from the manufacturers, and keep on hand machinery repairs and supplies. My binder twine is new See McCormick sign.

Yours Truly,

H. F. RAY.

Wool Carding!

The undersigned desires to say that he is now prepared to Card Wool. Having had twenty years experience in wool carding and my machine being in first class order I feel safe in saying that I can and will do satisfactory work. Parties living at a distance can club together and send wool in hundred pound lots or over. I will pay freight one way. Mark each parcel of wool with owners name and say cash or toll. Send one pound of clean lard for eight pounds of wool.

Very Respectfully,

R. N. DOSS,

MARION, KY.

The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME 15.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, MAY 23, 1895.

NUMBER 50

Highest of all in Leavening Power—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

DEMPSEY WINS.

The Nomination for the Railroad Commissionership With Moore Second.

The Currency Question Makes Things Lively.

The convention to nominate a Democratic candidate for railroad commissioner convened in Owensboro Wednesday, May 15, and was called to order by Hon. Henry Barnett, of Paducah, chairman of the Democratic committee of the district.

Maj. T. E. Moss, of Paducah, was chosen temporary chairman, and Mr. C. M. Meacham, secretary of the convention.

After considerable discussion, and some pretty warm speeches the convention was finally organized by making the temporary organization the permanent organization. The committee on credentials reported all of the thirty-nine counties represented.

The roll of counties was then called for nominations; when Crittenden county was called Mr. O. M. James, who had already made a splendid impression upon the convention by his work in the organization, took the floor, and in a most eloquent, timely and impressive speech presented the name of Dr. R. L. Moore. He said he came not to present the name of one paroled with official honors, nor great in the possession of high sounding titles, nor was he commended by a county great in wealth or noted for its official honors to perform this delightful task, but he desired to present the name of one honored and loved at home and cherished in the hearts of as gallant a people as the sun shone upon, because of the many traits that composed his proud manhood. He was a man possessed of all the qualifications that fitted him for the duties of the office to which he aspired; in the school of an active and successful business career, he had been tutored for the work of such an office, in a county where every contest for office was a struggle to the bitter end with the enemy, Dr. Moore, with untiring courage and an untiring devotion to the cause of Democracy had led fight after fight. The Democracy of Crittenden, holding in high appreciation the services of such a man, and knowing so well his splendid abilities, came to this convention to testify to his worth, and to ask the Democracy of the district to honor one so competent, so deserving, and one whom we pledge, should he be successful, would be fair, just and impartial to all interests, and would make a record of which the people of the district would be proud. "The Democracy of Crittenden," said Mr. James, "as well as myself, rejoice in the achievements of the people of the Second congressional district, we say all honor, all praise to her brilliant men who have added to the good name of the State; we would not pluck a single laurel from your brow, but in all fairness it is time to give the First district some of the honors and the emoluments. Since the commission was created the Second district has held the office; now we present a man who is the peer of those who so ably filled the office heretofore, and we present the name of Dr. Moore to this convention and ask that he be nominated."

The speech was roundly applauded all through, and when Mr. James had finished the applause was deafening, showing that the speaker had caught the ears and hearts of the convention.

Messrs. Morrow, Miller and Dempsey were then placed in nomination, by their respective friends, and the speeches were all good. After the nominations were closed the balloting commenced. The first ballot was as follows:

SECOND BALLOT.

Dempsey,	117 3.5
Richardson,	60 3.5
Moore,	39 3.5
Morrow,	29 1.10
Miller,	24 1.10

THIRD BALLOT.

Dempsey,	117 3.5
Richardson,	60 3.5
Moore,	33 3.5
Morrow,	30 1.10
Morrow,	29 1.10

FOURTH BALLOT.

Dempsey,	104 3.5
Richardson,	68 3.4
Moore,	57 1.4
Miller,	46 1.4
Miller was dropped,	

FIFTH BALLOT.

Dempsey,	101 2.3
Moore,	88 2.3
Richardson,	85 3.3

This dropped Richardson, and left the final vote between Dempsey and Moore, and the election of Dempsey being a foregone conclusion, Mr. O. M. James, acting under advice of Dr. Moore's friends, withdrew that gentleman's name and made a motion that Dempsey be declared the nominee by acclamation. The motion carried, and amid great enthusiasm Dempsey was declared the nominee.

After this came the biggest fight of the convention. Mr. John S. Rhea had offered the following resolution:

The Democrats of the First railroad commissioner district, in convention assembled, recommend the following to the Democracy of the state:

1st. We declare with unflinching trust that it is a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the federal government has no constitutional power to impose and collect tariff duties except for the purpose of revenue duties.

2d. We endorse the repeal of the McKinley law and the reduction of tariff duties accomplished by a Democratic congress, and demand that the reform thus begun shall be vigorously carried forward until the levy and collection of tariff taxes shall be limited to the actual necessities of the government when honestly and economically administered.

3d. We declare it to be an elementary principle of Democracy's faith that both gold and silver coin shall constitute the primary money of the country, that both metals shall be received for mintage without discriminating against either, and at the legal ratio that existed prior to 1873 (16 to 1) and we demand the unrestricted coinage of both gold and silver at their legal ratio, and that both metals be declared full legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private.

Those who were for the resolution wanted to hear Rhea speak, and those who were against wanted to adjourn. Each side tried to shout the other down. Rhea mounted a table and said he would be heard if he had to stay there a week. Ex-Congressman Ellis was on the table too, demanding that Rhea be heard. Ollie James was on the table too, shouting to the anti-silver forces: "You are cowards." After pandemonium reigned for about an hour, the chair restored order, recognized Rhea, and he made a strong speech, urging the passage of his resolutions. Ellis made a speech along the same line; Wheeler, of Paducah, offered a substitute, referring the currency question to the State Convention, and argued for the adoption of the substitute. Ollie James got the floor and made a rousing speech for the Rhea resolutions, and for the free coinage of silver. Finally the substitute was voted down and the Rhea resolutions went through with a whoop. Mr. Dempsey was escorted to the stand and made a timely speech accepting the nomination and the convention adjourned.

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On every ballot after the first.

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IT IS A CYCLONE.

Says Senator Mitchell, of Free Coinage Agitation.

Portland, Ore., May 16.—A morning paper publishes a personal letter from Senator John L. Mitchell to Secretary of State Harrison B. Knicker, in which the Senator expresses the hope that the Convention of the Young Men's Republican clubs will adopt a resolution on the money question. In view of the fact that Senator Mitchell is one of the ablest leaders of the Republican party in this State, and the recognized leader of the silver faction, his opinion and desires will carry much weight with the convention. In part his letter is as follows:

"It certainly must be gratifying to you, and I am sure it is to me, to see the headway the silver movement is making throughout the country. It seems to have become a cyclone. The people are beginning to understand the question. They are just coming to realize how their interests have been murdered for the past few years by the enforcement of the single gold standard, and the appreciation of gold which is going up at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, all the time, thus depressing the price of every commodity in the same proportion. I hope the Republican state club association will speak out boldly and fearlessly on the money question. The leaders of the Republican party now in the east are beginning to realize for the first time that the can not win the next fight with a straddle-bug resolution on the money question in the platform."

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Portland, N. J., May 17.—Charles F. Swain is a handsome young man who came from Philadelphia Sunday to become foreman of the Wilson wool on mill here.

Yesterday morning he went to the mill to get acquainted with his new job and was shown around by foreman McGregor, whom he was to succeed. When they passed through the weaving room, where more than a hundred young women were at work, the latter rose in their wrath, declared Swain should not take McGregor's place, gathered around him, showered him with hobbis thrown at his head, and finally, with the aid of fifty card boys and spinners assistants tried to hang him. Swain escaped and proposed to go back to Philadelphia, but the mill management took his part so vigorously that quiet was restored and he assumed charge.

Moses Hermansohn, a merchant of Lafayette, Christian county, Ky., has made an assignment to T. J. Moore, of that town. Hermansohn's liabilities are about \$5000 with assets of about \$600, and on this Marcus Weinberg, a peddler, has a mortgage for \$1,000. Hermansohn's assignment catches quite a number of merchants in Louisville, who have sold goods to him on ninety days time.

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THE DEMOCRATS OF THE FIRST RAILROAD COMMISSIONER DISTRICT, IN CONVENTION ASSEMBLED, RECOMMEND THE FOLLOWING TO THE DEMOCRACY OF THE STATE:

1st. We declare with unflinching trust that it is a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the federal government has no constitutional power to impose and collect tariff duties except for the purpose of revenue duties.

2d. We endorse the repeal of the McKinley law and the reduction of tariff duties accomplished by a Democratic congress, and demand that the reform thus begun shall be vigorously carried forward until the levy and collection of tariff taxes shall be limited to the actual necessities of the government when honestly and economically administered.

3d. We declare it to be an elementary principle of Democracy's faith that both gold and silver coin shall constitute the primary money of the country, that both metals shall be received for mintage without discriminating against either, and at the legal ratio that existed prior to 1873 (16 to 1) and we demand the unrestricted coinage of both gold and silver at their legal ratio, and that both metals be declared full legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private.

Those who were for the resolution wanted to hear Rhea speak, and those who were against wanted to adjourn. Each side tried to shout the other down. Rhea mounted a table and said he would be heard if he had to stay there a week. Ex-Congressman Ellis was on the table too, demanding that Rhea be heard. Ollie James was on the table too, shouting to the anti-silver forces: "You are cowards." After pandemonium reigned for about an hour, the chair restored order, recognized Rhea, and he made a strong speech, urging the passage of his resolutions. Ellis made a speech along the same line; Wheeler, of Paducah, offered a substitute, referring the currency question to the State Convention, and argued for the adoption of the substitute. Ollie James got the floor and made a rousing speech for the Rhea resolutions, and for the free coinage of silver. Finally the substitute was voted down and the Rhea resolutions went through with a whoop. Mr. Dempsey was escorted to the stand and made a timely speech accepting the nomination and the convention adjourned.

On the first ballot Dr. Moore was expected to be elected, but Lyon county voted for Miller, and this gave him the third place.

On Thursday morning a rule was adopted to drop the hindmost candidate after the third ballot.

The Crittenden Press.

VOLUME 15.

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, MAY 23, 1895.

NUMBER 50

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

DEMPSEY WINS.

The Nomination for the Railroad Commissionership With Moore Second.

The Currency Question Makes Things Lively.

The convention to nominate a Democratic candidate for railroad commissioner convened in Owensboro, Wednesday, May 15, and was called to order by Hon. Henry Barnett, of Paducah, chairman of the Democratic committee of the district.

Maj. T. E. Moss, of Paducah, was chosen temporary chairman, and Mr. C. M. Meacham, secretary of the convention.

After considerable discussion, and some pretty warm speeches the convention was finally organized by making the temporary organization the permanent organization. The committee on credentials reported all of the thirty-nine counties represented.

The roll of counties was then called for nominations; when Crittenden county was called Mr. O. M. James, who had already made a splendid impression upon the convention by his work in the organization, took the floor, and in a most eloquent, timely and impressive speech presented the name of Dr. R. L. Moore.

He came not to present the name of one proscribed by official honors, nor great in the possession of high sounding titles, nor was he commissioned by a county great in wealth or noted for its official honors to perform this delightful task, but he desired to present the name of one honored and loved at home and cherished in the hearts of as gallant a people as the sun shone upon, because of the manly traits that composed his proud manhood. He was a man possessed of all the qualifications that fitted him for the duties of the office to which he aspired; in the school of an active and successful business career, he had been tutored for the work of such an office, in a county where every contest for office was a struggle to the bitter end with the enemy, Dr. Moore, with undiminished courage and an untiring devotion to the cause of Democracy had led fight after fight. The Democracy of Crittenden, holding in high appreciation the services of such a man, and knowing so well his splendid abilities, came to this convention to testify to his worth, and to ask the Democracy of the district to honor one so competent, so deserving, and one whom we pledge, should he be successful, would be fair, just and impartial to all interests, and would make a record of which the people of the district would be proud. "The Democracy of Crittenden," said Mr. James, "as well as myself, rejoice in the achievements of the people of the Second congressional district, we say all honor, all praise to her brilliant man who have added to the good name of the State; we would not pluck a single laurel from your brow, but in fairness it is time to give the First district some of the honors and the laurels. Since the commission was created the Second district has been the office; now we present a man who is the officer of those who so ably filled the office heretofore, and we want the name of Dr. Moore to be nominated."

The speech was roundly applauded throughout, and when Mr. James had finished the applause was deafening, showing that the speaker had caught the ears and hearts of the convention.

Mrs. Morrow, Miller and Dempsey were then placed in nomination, by their respective friends, and the speeches were good. After the nominations were closed the balloting commenced. The first ballot was as follows:

Dempsey,	116 3 5
Richardson,	60 3 5
Miller,	34 1 10
Moore,	29 3 5
Morrow,	29 1 10

After this ballot a motion was made

to adjourn, and there was a hot fight over it, but the chairman declared the motion carried, and the convention adjourned until Thursday morning.

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SECOND BALLOT.

Dempsey,	117 3 5
Richardson,	60 3 5
Moore,	39 3 5
Morrow,	29 1 10
Miller,	24 1 10

THIRD BALLOT.

Dempsey,	117 3 5
Richardson,	60 3 5
Moore,	33 3 5
Morrow,	30 1 10
Morrow,	29 1 10

FOURTH BALLOT.

Dempsey,	104 3 5
Richardson,	68 3 4
Moore,	57 1 4
Miller,	46 1 4

FIFTH BALLOT.

Dempsey,	101 2 3
Moore,	88 2 3
Richardson,	85 3 3

This dropped Richardson, and left the final vote between Dempsey and Moore, and the election of Dempsey being a foregone conclusion, Mr. O. M. James, acting under advice of Dr. Moore's friends, withdrew that gentleman's name and made a motion that Dempsey be declared the nominee by acclamation. The motion carried, and amid great enthusiasm Dempsey was declared the nominee.

After this came the biggest fight of the convention. Mr. John S. Rhea had offered the following resolution:

The Democrats of the First railroad commissioner district, in convention assembled, recommend the following to the Democracy of the state:

1st. We declare with unfaltering trust that it is a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the federal government has no constitutional power to impose and collect tariff duties except for the purpose of revenue duties.

2d. We endorse the repeal of the McKinley law and the reduction of tariff duties accomplished by a Democratic congress, and demand that the reform thus begun shall be vigorously carried forward until the levy and collection of tariff taxes shall be limited to the actual necessities of the government when honestly and economically administered.

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TRIED TO HANG HIM.

Woolen Mill Girls Viciously Attack a New Foreman.

Trenton, N. J., May 17.—Charles F. Swain is a handsome young man who came from Philadelphia Sunday to become foreman of the Wilson woolen mill here.

Yesterday morning he went to the mill to get acquainted with his new job and was shown around by foreman McGregor, whom he was to succeed. When they passed through the weaving room, where more than a hundred young women were at work, the latter rose in their wrath, declared Swain should not take McGregor's place, gathered around him, showered him with bobkins thrown at his head, and finally, with the aid of fifty card boys and spinners assistants tried to hang him. Swain escaped and proposed to go back to Philadelphia, but the mill management took his part so vigorously that quiet was restored and he assumed charge.

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UNCLE SAM'S

GREENBACKS.

How They are Made, and What Precautions are Taken to Prevent Counterfeiting Them.

An Iron Clad Monopoly Run by The Government

Special to the Press.

Washington, May 21.—No honest man disputes the right of the government to maintain its monopoly of the business of manufacturing paper money. In order to outlaw the counterfeiters the greatest care is necessary.

In the first place the peculiar paper employed, which is made of silk fiber and has threads of colored silk embedded in its surface, can only be made under strictest supervision of the agents of the Treasury Department. If a private individual should be found in possession of even a small piece of unprinted paper he would be liable to twenty years imprisonment at hard labor in addition to the payment of a fine of \$5,000. The sheets are counted scores of times from the time that they leave the paper mill at Springfield, Mass., until they are ready for circulation, and each person through whose hands they pass gives a receipt for the quantity received, and is held strictly responsible for the safety of his charge.

In the matter of engraving, every possible precaution is taken to prevent fraud, and the resources of the art are resorted to to produce designs which can not be copied. Occasionally workmen have been detected in the practice of making duplicate plates, one for the government and the other for private use, but such practice has been always most emphatically frowned upon when discovered. The work upon each bill is subdivided among so many employees at present that it is not thought possible for any workman to obtain an entire plate. When the designs for the fronts and backs of the bills are decided upon, the work for the different sections is divided among the various engravers; for instance, one man will be given the portrait, another the border line, another the lettering, and still another the scroll work. Each man, excepting the one that does the scroll work, patiently reproduces upon a plate of soft steel the part of the designs given him. The work is wholly hand labor, each dot and line being carefully put with sharp pointed chisels, or "gravers."

The scroll work is done with a machine called a "lathe." This machine works upon the principle of the "pantograph," which is used in copying pictures. The design for the scroll is made upon a large scale and this is followed by the end of the long arm of the lever. The short end of the lever carries a cutting tool which reproduces the design in the proper scale upon the ordinary soft steel plate. When all of the parts of the design are completed and turned in, they are tempered or hardened and are then passed beneath a roller of soft steel, under great pressure. The designs are thus transferred to the roller, one at a time, and joined together in the proper order, so that when completed the roller will have the complete design for one side of the bill, but every cut in the line of the original design appears as a projection, and vice versa. In other words the roller represents an "intaglio" impression of the design. This roller is in turn tempered and the hardest part of the work is accomplished.

From this roller as many printing plates as may be desired can be made. The steel plates are first softened then passed beneath the "intaglio" roller, and then tempered. When the plate has been run smooth it can be again softened and passed under the roller. Each plate prints four bills, and frequently as many as eighty or a hundred plates of each denomination will be in use at the same time. Rollers of this character have been known to reproduce the designs upon as many as ten thousand plates before wearing out. The backs of the bills are printed in one operation in green ink, then after being dried, the faces are printed in black. Before leaving the Bureau of Engraving and Printing the bills are numbered in blue in the upper right hand and lower left hand corners. After reaching the Treasury building prior they receive the final impression which is the red seal of the Treasury of the United States, and are cut apart. Not until the seal is imprinted can they be used as money.

The routine work of the plate engraver is so different from that of the ordinary printer, particularly in so far as producing money is concerned, that it is worthy of special mention, but, as Rudyard Kipling says, "this is another story."

THE NEWS.

The Kickapoo Indian country will be opened to settlement, to day.

Ex-President Harrison got a \$15,000 fee in the Morrison will case, Richmond, Ind.

Five persons were killed by the explosion of a powder mill at Johnstown May 8.

Robert Tyler Jones, grandson of President Tyler, and the only male person ever born in the White House, died in Washington Sunday.

The Carnegie Steel works, limited, employing nearly fifteen thousand men, have decided to advance wages ten per cent., from the first day of next June.

In Coffee county, Ala., Jerido Shivers was bound hand and foot by a mob and thrown into a river and drowned, he had assaulted a young woman.

There is great excitement in Marshall county, Ala., near Gadsden, over the discovery of gold, which is now believed to exist in paying quantities.

Three negroes were flayed alive and then burned in a swamp on the Seawee river, Florida, Saturday night, for outraging and murdering a young white woman.

Mexico has adopted a law providing that train robbers, shall if captured in an attempt to rob a train, be shot on the spot without the formality of a trial.

A number of members of the New York Legislature have been indicted for bribery by the grand jury. One of them is said to have been paid \$2,000 for his vote.

Tammany Hall has reorganized by the election of ex-Recorder Frederick Smith as grand sachem, to succeed ex-Mayor Gilroy of New York, who has been turned down by the dominant Crocker faction.

A company has been formed at Waukegon to send coolies around in pipes, so that a man can turn a tap in his own house and produce a temperature of 100 degrees below zero as easy as wink. But who wants that kind of a temperature?

It is stated that Spain has sent a note to Russia, France and Germany contending that, as the Japanese did not hold Formosa when the treaty of peace was signed, their right to occupy the island in face of the opposition of its inhabitants, is disputable, and is a suitable pretext for further intervention.

In Rock Castle county, Rev Capps, a well to do Baptist preacher, quarreled with his second wife about his children, when she told him that she would sue for a divorce, without uttering another word and without the loss of a moment, he drew a pistol and began firing rapidly at his wife. Four out of the five bullets struck her. One entered her forehead directly between the eyes, another penetrated the breast, a third went into her left shoulder, and the fourth into her left arm. She fell to the floor almost lifeless. Then he drew a dull pocket knife and attempted to cut his throat with it. The blade was too dull to more than lacerate the skin. Throwing the knife away, he went into an adjoining room, procured a razor, and almost served his wind pipe. This he did in his yard, where he was found shortly afterward by Sheriff Cummings.

The art of newspaper writing is telling a thing clearly and entertainingly says the Missouri Editor. It is not so much the thing as the way it is told. The duller of subjects can be made attractive and the most exciting can appear insipid. It depends upon the narration. Newspaper writing must be clear as water, it must be catchy and interesting. Short sentences, pithy, pungent and racy. The ideas must be conveyed vividly. The essayist or the novelist can never be an editor. The styles are wholly different. The best school for newspaper writing is the experience and atmosphere of newspaper work. It must be rapid, scintillating, and to the point. A thing must be told just as it happened. Any attempt at romanticism or fine writing spoils it. A newspaper report should possess the sparkle and directness of an animated conversation, succinctly clear and plain to be intelligible to every mind, but just finished and forceful enough not to be commonplace. Whether it be a news item or editorial, it should always be interesting.

Programme

Of District Sunday School Convention of First District, to be held at Wilson's Chapel, Saturday, June 1, 1895.

9:30 Devotional service, conducted by W. J. Hill.

10:00 How can we improve our Sunday school?

10:20 Discussion of topic.

10:30 Music.

10:40 Appointment of committees.

10:50 Report of district president, H. S. Wheeler.

11:10 Reports from schools.

11:25 Music.

11:30 Our county work, its object and aim.

12:00 Intermission.

1:30 Music.

1:50 The influence of the Sunday school on citizenship, on society and on the church.

2:15 Discussion of topic.

2:25 Music.

2:35 Statistics and finances, their importance and their aim.

3:00 Discussion.

3:10 Music.

3:20 Importance of efficient primary teaching.

3:40 Discussion of topic.

3:50 Report of committees.

We hope every Sunday school worker will have something to say under "Discussion of Topic." Let all come with baskets well filled and make it a pleasant day. Every singing class will have a place on programme.

J. F. PRICE, Co. Pres.

May Term, 13th Day May, 1895.

CRITTENDEN COUNTY COURT.

Present and presiding, J. A. Moore, Judge.

On motion of M. H. Weldon and others. Upon application by written petition heretofore filed, signed by a number of legal voters in each precinct of Crittenden county, equal to 25 per cent. of the votes cast in each of said precincts at the last general election held in said county, with the required fees, as required by law, praying the court to make an order submitting to the sense of the legal voters of said county upon the proposition, whether or not spirituous, vinous or malt liquors shall be sold, bartered or loaned in said county.

A copy, attest:

D. Woods,

Clerk Crit. Co. Court.

By virtue of the foregoing order there will be a poll opened on Saturday, July 20, 1895, at the voting precinct in this county to take the sense of the legal qualified voters on the proposition, whether or not spirituous, vinous or malt liquors shall be sold, bartered or loaned in said county.

Attest:

Jno. T. Franks,

Sheriff C. C.

This May 15, 1895.

The undersigned desires to say that he is now prepared to Card Wool. Having had twenty years experience in wool carding and my machine being in first class order I feel safe in saying that I can and will do satisfactory work. Parties living at a distance can club together and send wool in hundred pound lots, over. I will pay freight one way. Mark each parcel of wool with owners name and say cash or toll. Send one pound of clean lard for eight pounds of wool.

Very Respectfully,

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ARE YOU

BANKRUPT in health,

constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so,

NEVER DESPAIR

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you.

For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

an absolute cure.

Having bought out the Geo. L. Rankin stock of goods at Weston. I am selling the old stock out regardless of cost. I have put in a new stock of goods and am selling them at rock bottom prices and ask all to come and see me. I have everything in a country store—dry goods, groceries, farming implements of every kind. You will find Mr. G. L. Rankin willing to wait on you and sell you goods for cash at lowest prices, and I make a specialty of Ohio river salt, which I am selling at \$1 per bushel. Call and see me before buying elsewhere.

Rep'y, E. H. PORTER,

Weston, Ky.

THE MOST remarkable cures on record have been accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is unequalled for all BLOOD DISEASES.

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THE MOST remarkable cures

Free Coinage or no Free Coinage.



We are the People Just the Same to Buy Your Goods From.

ALWAYS IN THE LEAD WITH THE BEST GOODS AT LOW TIME PRICES.

Our Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes and all Kinds of Merchandise

WERE NEVER AS CHEAP, AND OUR ASSORTMENT NEVER BETTER.

Buy from us and save money.

PIERCE, YANDELL, GUGENHEIM CO.

INCORPORATED

The Press.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR

We are authorized to announce

DAVID ADAMS

a candidate to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

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G. N. McGREW

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as a candidate to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

Let us hope and pray that it will be a long, long time before we have another mob in this county, and a long, long time before our good name is again stained with crime. We have good people, and as large a percent of them are horrified at crimes and depraved mobs and mob law as any other county in the State, but our record does not show it, and the preponderance of evidence is against us. Our courts are as prompt in bringing criminals to justice as the courts of any section of the country; the records will show this, and there is no necessity for mob violence.

The people generally feel that Howerton's punishment was no more than commensurate with his crime, but a large majority deeply regret the affair of Wednesday night. They think, and rightly too, that the law should have been permitted to take its course, that justice would have been speedily meted out to him by the court, and that the cloud brought upon the name of the county by mob law would have been avoided.

The Owensboro currency resolution is all right.

The Democrats of the city of Henderson have declared for the gold standard.

Our Populist friend, Dr. Clark, than whom there is no better man, accepts the nomination of his party for the legislature.

Lyon county votes on prohibition Saturday. As we are to follow her example shortly, the result of the election Saturday will be looked for with a good deal of interest.

Carlisle now turns his back on the doctrine he advocated in 1878 on the currency question. May he not do the same thing on the tariff question? If he was wrong on one, he may be wrong on the other.

Mr. Nickell announced that free silver is his platform; G. N. McGrew put himself on record for the same thing at Owensboro last week. Now let Mr. Adams speak out and we will all know where we are at.

With Carlisle and Watterson scampering away from the Democratic tent, and the Supreme Court denying the right of Congress to tax the wealth of the country, it is time to stop and wonder, "where are we at." It is a time for the rank and file of Democracy to stand together.

Henry Watterson owns up to having advocated free coinage in the past, but says he was wrong. It may be that the star eyed goddess has all along been joking about tariff reform, and the next breeze from Louisville may bear the news that Mr. Watterson is standing shoulder to shoulder with McKinley, making faces at the old orphan girl.

There is nothing in Mr. Carlisle's Covington speech about an international conference. He is for the gold standard first, last and all the time. Those people who have been clamoring for a conference had as well shut up now. There appears to be no middle ground. Are you a bi-metalist, that is for both gold and silver, or are you a gold mono-metalist, that is for gold alone?

Dr. Moore has reason to be proud of his race for the railroad commissioners, even though he lost. He began the fight unknown in politics beyond his own section, he had nobody prominent in politics to assist him in the race, three of his opponents were widely known, had good official records behind them and some of the most influential men in the district at their backs; yet Dr. Moore outvoted four of them and was second in the race. He made friends all over the district, and so conducted his canvass as to win the good opinion of all of his opponents and their friends. The Press is proud that Crittenden and her candidate made such a creditable showing at the Owensboro convention, and believes that the future has yet some honors in store for our splendid county.

The "Banner" is the name of a new paper published at Smithland by Rutter & Rutter. It is a neat, lively paper, one worthy the patronage of its county, and the Press wishes it success. There is one thing we object to, however, it says: "As to our political views they are Democratic, and we propose to stand by the principles of that great party," and in the same number it proceeds to attack silver and defend goldbugism. Its statement and its editorial are incompatible. The principles of the party have been enunciated in the party platform; in the platform of the last State Convention we find this:

Fourth—Recognizing the fact that the United States is the greatest silver producing country in the world, and that both gold and silver were equally the money of the constitution from the beginning of the republic until the hostile and fraudulent legislation of the Republican party against silver which unduly contracted the circulating medium of the country, and feeling that the great interests of the people demand more money for use in the channels of trade and commerce, we tender our gratitude to the Democrats in the last Congress for their almost unanimous votes in both Houses in favor of the free coinage of silver and demand its restoration to the position of equality before the law given to it by our fathers.

In the National Democratic platform we find these words: "We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country, and to the coinage of both gold and silver without discriminating against either metal or charge for mintage."

In addition to these, with but few exceptions, the party's speakers in congress and out of congress, have since 1878 preached the same doctrine year after year, and at each campaign the old story was told over and over again. Even the party's campaign books, issued by the national committee, enforced the doctrine. Now, as the Banner says, "Bob Walker is like other people in many respects; he has weakness," but that weakness does not consist in running away from the doctrine of his party, and when away still claiming his party's name. No, no, brother, you are not a Democrat. Where are you at, anyhow?

It May Do As Much For You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a severe kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called kidney cures but without and good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all kidney and Liver Troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At H. K. Woods Drug Store.

All kinds of dressed lumber, flooring, siding, ceiling, finishing lumber, mouldings of every description, turned columns; our prices will not admit of competition. When wanting any of the above don't fail to get our prices.

Ag Dewey & Co.

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This is what Mr. Hendrick has to say on the money question as it relates to his district. No doubt he thought he was talking by the card. But in view of what his congressional district did in the convention yesterday, it seems he knows very little about public sentiment there. He was in the convention when the silver men of his district, under the lead of that brainy young Democrat, Ollie James, rushed like a cyclone to the rescue of those who demanded the restoration of silver—yet like a "lamb dumb before his shears" he opened not his mouth. The present representative from the First district had better keep his eyes on the gun. If he does not he will discover that before he gets his seat warm in Congress young James will be seated in his place. Ollie James is a coming young man and Hendrick will do well to keep an eye on him.—Owensboro Messenger.

TOLU.

T. J. Hamilton, after an illness of many months, is up again. Misses Irene LaRue and Laura Babbitt, of Sheridan are visiting friends in Tolu this week.

A mistake last week as to the price of corn; 45c is highest price paid. D. Tinsley was drowned Saturday evening in Croft lake; he was found Sunday by the use of dynamite.

Rev. Aron Johnson preached at Forest Hill Sunday to a large crowd. Perhaps forty obeyed the Saviour's command to "wash one another's feet."

Mr. and Mrs. Palon, of Livingston county, were visiting Dr. Boyd's family last week.

Miss Mattie Wallace has returned from Marion, bringing some friends home with her.

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Mrs. P. B. Croft and Miss Allie Croft took the packet for Evansville Monday.

A colt belonging to John Sauer, colored, got snake bitten and its head swelled until the eyes burst out.

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Mrs. Jim Wallace is visiting relatives in Marion.

Miss Nannie Young leaves Wednesday for Marion to spend a few days, and then she will visit her sister in Union county.

NEW SALEM.

Ervin Brewster and Mrs. Chester Conyers and little Sarah Thorning, are on the sick list this week.

We are needing rain badly, very badly. Three-fourths of the corn crop of this section has to be planted the second time on account of destruction by cutworms.

The wheat crop looks bad; it does not look at this time to make, if favorable from now until harvest, more than 50 per cent. of a crop.

Wess and Sam Grimes set tobacco on the 11th, without any rain. Wess and Sam King to the M. E. church, so maybe the tobacco will live.

John Conyers had a horse to die last week.

Goodlett Shreeves had the misfortune to have a horse that got its leg broken on the 10th. Drs. C. R. Stevens of Salem and H. P. Brown, of Chidress, set the broken leg.

Our old friend Goodlett Shreeves comes in with the boss cut worm story. He says he caught seventy cut worms from two hills of corn. Can any one beat it—we mean in the number of worms.

Dick Miles, of Tolu, was in this section Saturday and Sunday.

Our farmers report great destruction to tobacco plants by the bugs in the last ten days; some farmers report having lost every plant. From present prospects not more than one half of a tobacco crop can be set, if the season from now on is favorable.

The Rev. Hodge Murphy preached at Tynes Chapel Saturday night and the second Sunday.

C. O. Lowery, Livingston's county court clerk, is visiting his father's family.

For pure, unadulterated, old fashioned Kentucky hospitality, the good people of the little village of Levisa can not be beat anywhere in Kentucky.

Rev. Robert LaRue, of Levisa, is at home from Louisville to visit his friends, and Robert numbers them by the score.

Our Sabbath schools are increasing in attendance and interest every Sabbath. It is a good place for the old as well as the young.

FREEDOM.

The frost damaged crops to a certain extent.

There was services at Freedom Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Mollie and Sallie Long were the guests of Polly and Lilly Fritts last Sunday.

That hanging at Marion last week ought to be a lesson to others.

It is hinted around that there is going to be another marriage in this neighborhood soon.

Farmers are still grumbling at the cutworms; much replanting will have to be done.

John Nesbit got the mitten 'twee other night; oh, Johnnie!

Willie Fritts, Misses Lullie and Nora Fritts, Miss Annie Clark, Miss Ada Fritts, and Messrs. Robt Nesbit, Calvin Fritts, James Nation and Clay Fritts went to the river last week on a fishing expedition. They caught less than a hundred pounds of fish.

There will be preaching at Freedom next Sunday night. Rev. Ramsey will preach. Come out and hear him.

There was prayer meeting at this place Wednesday night.

FREDONIA.

The Athenian club has gotten to be a very interesting affair, as the young people from the surrounding neighborhood have become regular attendants.

Mrs. Mollie Dulaney of Lyon county, with Miss Mugg Stevenson, was visiting relatives in town Sunday.

Mrs. Frankie Rorer of Crittenden was visiting her father, Wm. Dorroh, of White Sulphur, Saturday and Sunday.

Several of the farmers got nearly through planting an enormously big crop of tobacco last week; in some places the worms bit off a considerable amount of it.

Miss Alma Mott was visiting the Misses Wigginton Sunday.

Messrs. Frank Guess and Will Stevenson from Princeton neighborhood were in town last week.

J. T. Coleman, of Princeton, was in town last week.

Nellie Garner, who had apparently recovered from danger of diphtheria, died Sunday evening of paralysis of the heart.

Mrs. Agnes Maxwell, of Dogwood was in town shopping Monday.

H. C. Paris of Piney creek was in town Sunday evening.

We have the best line of shoes ever in town.

Gents furnishing goods of the latest styles and lowest prices.

Bugg & Loyd.

A large crowd of young folks from Princeton were in town Sunday evening.

Call and examine our assortment of fashionable hats and caps, which are sure to please you in style and price.

Bugg & Loyd.

Oscar Morgan went to Salem last Saturday.

Ladies vests of every style, from 5c up to the best. Bugg & Loyd.

Domestics of every grade, and at lowest possible prices. Bugg & Loyd.

The best of prints at prices too low to quote. Bugg & Loyd.

For the best grades of ribbons, gloves, hose, etc., call on Bugg & Loyd.

Ira Bennett attended church at Glens Chapel Sunday.

About two dozen of all wool \$5 suits yet. Sam Howerton. See our suits at \$7.50, to \$12.50. Sam Howerton.

Miss Bertie Wigginton is at home, after a stay of several months at the Marion school.

We have a complete stock of finest dress goods at lowest cash prices. Bugg & Loyd.

Jeff Wylie, of Princeton, was in town Sunday.

C. M. Rorer and family of Crittenden, were visiting his father, J. C. Rorer and family, of Caldwell, last Sunday.

I will sell you a good lamp, burner, chimney and wick complete for 30 cents; everything in glassware same rates. S. C. Bennett.

J. T. Morgan's building, a combined store and dwelling at Flatrock.

A. H. Cardin of Marion was here last week making pretty high offers for a few tobacco crops that had not been sold.

H. C. Turley and family, Charley Myers and family, of Crider were in town Sunday.

Lee Dorroh, of White Sulphur, was visiting in Crittenden Sunday.

Claude Wilson, of Crider, was in town Sunday.

Will Dorroh and sister Maggie, of Lyon county passed here Sunday, en route to visit their brother Frank at Crayneville.

A nice line of new children's shoes. Sam Howerton.

J. T. Wolf made a business trip to Crittenden Monday.

See our summer coats, vests, and duck pants. Sam Howerton.

A large crowd attended the burial of Nellie Garner Monday evening.

Fred Guess with Miss Ella Black, of Crider, left home Sunday morning to attend church at Fredonia, the horse ran away and ruined Fred's new buggy.

J. T. Morgan and Misses Lizzie McDonald and Lizzie Brown will attend the Endeavor convention at Louisville Thursday.

W. C. Glenn has for sale the best mare and colt in Caldwell county.

J. E. Crider has the best two year old mule in Ky. (a colt of the mare for sale as above). The price of the mare will suit any one that wants to buy; come at once and secure a big bargain. W. C. Glenn.

IRON HILL.

The cut worms have done considerable damage to crops here, and most of the corn crop will be planted again.

Rev. Barbee preached to a large congregation Sunday and also preached at night.

Sandy Dean is teaching a two months school here and has quite a number of pupils.

Mr. Vaun and wife, of Hopkins, visited G. F. Williams family last week.

Thomas Dollins, of Midway, attended church here Sunday.

Marion Dean visited friends in Belle Mines country Saturday.

Hackett Barbee and his sister are visiting friends here at present.

A fine mare, owned by John D. Kemp, fell from Piney Hill Sunday night and was killed; she was a beauty and George was very proud of her.

Fishie men and "sang" diggers seem to have reasonably good luck this season.

KNOCKED OUT.

The Income Tax Declared Unconstitutional by the Supreme Court.

Washington, May 20.—The income tax law was declared unconstitutional today. The conclusions of the court are as follows:

First, we adhere to the opinion already announced, taxes on real estate being undeniably direct taxes, and tax on rents and income from real estate being equally direct taxes. Second, we hold the opinion that taxes on personal property are likewise direct taxes. Third, the tax imposed by sections 27 to 37, inclusive, of the act of 1894, so far as it falls on income from real estate and personal property being a direct tax within the meaning of the constitution and therefore unconstitutional and void, because not apportioned according to representation, all those sections constituting the entire scheme of taxation are necessarily invalid. The decrees heretofore entered in this court are to be vacated. Decrees below are to be reversed, and cases remanded with instructions to grant the relief prayed.

See also 27 and 37 is the tariff act of 1894 referred to in the conclusion of court embody all sections of the act relating to the income tax as the same is income tax is declared void, specifically.

The vote of the court stood five against the constitutionality of the law to four for the law. Those against it were Chief Justice Fuller and Justices Field, Gray, Brewer and Shiras; for the law: Justices Harlan, White, Brown and Jackson.

Sam Howerton.

Times are hard, I must and will have money, will positively sell anything and everything in the Grocery and Hardware line at COST for the next 30 days.

Mason Fruit Jars, 80 cents per dozen.
Sealing Wax Fruit Jars, 65 cents per dozen.
Granulated Sugar 19 pounds for \$1.00.
Light C Sugar 20 pounds for \$1.00.
Cups and Saucers 15 cents per set.
Glasses 15 cents per set.
Water Buckets, 10 cents each.

I AM HANDLING THE

Geo. Delker Buggy.

The Best Buggy Made in the World.

Disc Cultivators, The Best Made, Handled By Us Only.

Buggy Harness, from \$5.00 up. Nails, wire and in fact everything else in the Hardware line positively at first cost for the next 30 days. We want your Wool, Ginsang and Feathers, will pay you spot cash for them.

M. SCHWAB.

A Word to Farmers.

We Want to Supply Your wants in Our Line.

We announce to the Farmers of Crittenden and adjoining counties that we are handling Farming Machinery this season, and will supply you with as good as the market affords.

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

We handle the Mogul Wagon, one of best made.

WE HAVE THE CELEBRATED

Champion Harvesting Machines,

So long known, so well tried and greatly prized by farmers of the South and West.

Your attention is especially called to our own make of plows. Our double shovels, new ground plows and cultivators are extensively used and highly appreciated by many farmers—we are selling them very low and know that a fair trial will convince you of their many good qualities. We are also handling

National Corn, Tobacco and Wheat Fertilizers,

One of the best commercial fertilizers known. It has been sold in this county for years, and is recommended by many of the best farmers.

We keep on hands repairs for all the mowing machines sold in this section.

Knowing that we have good goods, and will give you value received for every dollar you spend with us, we earnestly solicit your trade. As to our reliability, we refer to our record for the many years we have done business in Marion. Come and see us.

MARION, KY.

J. W. ADAMS & SON.

Knights of Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them.

We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures when all other remedies fail.—Signed E. W. Stevens, State Com.—Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at H. K. Woods Drug Store.

Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

The J. W. Harper is the finest whiskey on earth. Used in moderation, is a sure specific for indigestion, general debility, for insomnia, for mental depression. It is as fragrant as ripe fruit and if used in moderation it lengthens life, adds to our joys and drives dull care away.

The J. W. Harper whiskey is absolutely pure. It is prescribed by the ablest physicians of this country, and by degrees it is winning a world-wide reputation. Sold by

J. H. Orme & Bro., Marion, Ky.

Rankin Hammond,

PAINTER,

MARION, KENTUCKY.

All kinds of house painting done in first class manner. Work guaranteed.

Buggy and Carriage painting of all kinds a specialty. Charges very reasonable. If you need work get his prices.

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Dick Miles, of Tolu, was in this section Saturday and Sunday.

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About two dozen of all wool \$5 suits yet.

See our suits at \$7.50, to \$12.50. Sam Howerton.

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Times are hard, I must and will have money, will positively sell anything and everything in the Grocery and Hardware line at COST for the next 30 days.

Mason Fruit Jars, 80 cents per dozen.
Sealing Wax Fruit Jars, 65 cents per dozen.
Granulated Sugar 19 pounds for \$1.00.
Light C Sugar 20 pounds for \$1.00.
Cups and Saucers 15 cents per set.
Glasses 15 cents per set.
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Geo. Delker Buggy.

The Best Buggy Made in the World.

Disc Cultivators, The Best Made, Handled By Us Only.

Buggy Harness, from \$5.00 up. Nails, wire and in fact everything else in the Hardware line positively at first cost for the next 30 days. We want your Wool, Ginsang and Feathers, will pay you spot cash for them.

M. SCHWAB.

A Word to Farmers.

We Want to Supply Your wants in Our Line.

We announce to the Farmers of Crittenden and adjoining counties that we are handling Farming Machinery this season, and will supply you with as good as the market affords

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

We handle the Mogul Wagon, one of best made.

WE HAVE THE CELEBRATED

Champion Harvesting Machines,

So long known, so well tried and greatly prized by farmers of the South and West.

Your attention is especially called to our own make of plows. Our double shovels, new ground plows and cultivators are extensively used and highly appreciated by many farmers—we are selling them very low and know that a fair trial will convince you of their many good qualities. We are also handling

National Corn, Tobacco and Wheat Fertilizers.

One of the best commercial fertilizers known. It has been sold in this county for years, and is recommended by many of the best farmers

We keep on hands repairs for all the moving machines sold in this section.

Knowing that we have good goods, and will give you value received for every dollar you spend with us, we earnestly solicit your trade. As to our reliability, we refer to our record for the many years we have done business in Marion. Come and see us.

MARION, KY.

J. W. ADAMS & SON.

Knights of Maccabees.

The State Comander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures when all other remedies fail."—Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com.—Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at H. K. Woods Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

The J. W. Harper is the finest whiskey on earth. Used in moderation, is a sure specific for indigestion for general debility, for insomnia, for mental depression. It is as fragrant as ripe fruit and if used in moderation it lengthens life, adds to our joys and drives dull care away.

The J. W. Harper whiskey is also lately pure. It is prescribed by the ablest physicians of this country, and by degrees it is winning a world-wide reputation. Sold by

J. H. Orrie & Bro., Marion, Ky.

Rankin Hammond, PAINTER, MARION, KENTUCKY.

All kinds of house painting done in first class manner. Work guaranteed. Buggy and Carriage painting of all kinds a specialty. Charges very reasonable. If you need work get his prices.

Free Coinage or
no Free Coinage.



We are the People Just the Same to Buy Your Goods From.

ALWAYS IN THE LEAD WITH THE BEST GOODS AT HARD TIME PRICES.

Our Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes and all Kinds of Merchandise

WERE NEVER AS CHEAP, AND OUR ASSORTMENT NEVER BETTER.

Buy from us and save money.

PIERCE, YANDELL, GUGENHEIM CO.

The Press.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR

We are authorized to announce

DAVID ADAMS

a candidate to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce

G. N. McGREW

as a candidate to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce

T. J. NICKELL

as a candidate for Representative from the legislative district of Livingston and Crittenden, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

Let us hope and pray that it will be a long, long time before we have another mob in this county, and a long, long time before our good name is again stained with crime. We have good people, and as large a percent of them are horrified at crimes and depraved mobs and mob law as any other county in the State, but our record does not show it, and the preponderance of evidence is against us. Our courts are as prompt in bringing criminals to justice as the courts of any section of the country; the records will show this, and there is no necessity for mob violence.

The people generally feel that Howerton's punishment was no more than commensurate with his crime, but a large majority deeply regret the affair of Wednesday night. They think, and rightly too, that the law should have been permitted to take its course, that justice would have been speedily meted out to him by the court, and that the cloud brought upon the name of the county by mob law would have been avoided.

The Owensboro currency resolution is all right.

The Democrats of the city of Henderson have declared for the gold standard.

Our Populist friend, Dr. Clark, than whom there is no better man, accepts the nomination of his party for the legislature.

Lyon county votes on prohibition Saturday. As we are to follow her example shortly, the result of the election Saturday will be looked for with a good deal of interest.

Carlisle now turns his back on the doctrine he advocated in 1878 on the currency question. May he not do the same thing on the tariff question? If he was wrong on one, he may be wrong on the other.

Mr. Nickell announced that free silver is his platform; G. N. McGrew put himself on record for the same thing at Owensboro last week. Now let Mr. Adams speak out and we will all know where we are at.

With Carlisle and Watterson scampering away from the Democratic tennets, and the Supreme Court denying the right of Congress to tax the wealth of the country, it is time to stop and wonder, "where we are at." It is a time for the rank and file of Democracy to stand together.

Henry Watterson owns up to having advocated free coinage in the past, but says he was wrong. It may be that the star-eyed goddess has all been joking about tariff reform, but the news that Mr. Watterson should shudder to shoulder it, making faces at the

There is nothing in Mr. Carlisle's Covington speech about an international conference. He is for the gold standard first, last and all the time. Those people who have been clamoring for a conference had as well shut up now. There appears to be no middle ground. Are you a bi-metalist, that is for both gold and silver, or are you a gold mono-metalist, that is for gold alone?

Dr. Moore has reason to be proud of his race for the railroad commissionership, even though he lost. He began the fight unknown in politics beyond his own section, he had no help prominent in politics to assist him in the race, three of his opponents were widely known, had good official records behind them and some of the most influential men in the district at their backs; yet Dr. Moore outlived four of them and was second in the race. He made friends all over the district, and so conducted his canvass as to win the good opinion of all of his opponents and their friends. The Press is proud that Crittenden and her candidate made such a creditable showing at the Owensboro convention, and believes that the future has yet some honors in store for our splendid county.

The "Banner" is the name of a new paper published at Smithland by Rutter & Rutter. It is a neat, lively paper, one worthy the patronage of its county, and the Press wishes it success. There is one thing we object to, however, it says: "As to our political views they are Democratic, and we propose to stand by the principles of that great party," and in the same number it proceeds to attack silver and defend goldmining. Its statement and its editorial are incompatible. The principles of the party have been enunciated in the last platform; in the platform of the last State Convention we find this:

Fourth—Recognizing the fact that the United States is the greatest silver producing country in the world, and that both gold and silver were equally the money of the constitution from the beginning of the republic until the hostile and fraudulent legislation of the Republican party against silver which unduly contracted the circulating medium of the country, and feeling that the great interests of the people demand more money for use in the channels of trade and commerce, we tender our gratitude to the Democrats in the last Congress for their almost unanimous votes in both Houses in favor of the free coinage of silver and demand its restoration to the position of equality before the law given to it by our fathers.

In the National Democratic platform we find these words: "We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country, and to the coinage of both gold and silver without discriminating against either metal or charge for mintage."

In addition to these, with but few exceptions, the party's speakers in congress and out of congress, have since 1878 preached the same doctrine year after year, and at each campaign the old story was told over and over again. Even the party's campaign books, issued by the national committee, enforced the doctrine. Now, as the Banner says, "Bob Walker is like other people in many respects; he has weakness," but that weakness does not consist in running away from the doctrine of his party, and when away still claiming his party's name. No, no, brother, you are not a Democrat. Where are you at, anyhow?

It May Do As Much For You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a severe kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called kidney cures but without good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all kidney and Liver Troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At H. K. Woods Drug Store.

All kinds of dressed lumber, flooring, siding, ceiling, finishing lumber, mouldings of every description, turned columns; our prices will not admit of competition. When wanting any of the above don't fail to get our prices.

A. S. Dewey & Co.

The Courier-Journal had in its special from Owensboro yesterday the following interview: Congressman Hendrick of the First district, said: "I made my campaign on a sound money platform and won by it. I believe my majority still exists in my district. These reports about so many free silver men in my county are untrue. How can a Democrat be for free silver with the record of our administration behind us. A Democrat could not get up and make a speech on a free silver platform. That would be going back on the teaching of our party."

This is what Mr. Hendrick has to say on the money question as it relates to his district. No doubt he thought he was talking by the card. But in view of what his congressional district did in the convention yesterday, it seems he knows very little about public sentiment there. He was in the convention when the silver men of his district, under the lead of that brainy young Democrat, Ollie James, rushed like a cyclone to the rescue of those who demanded the restoration of silver—yet like a "lamb dumb before his shears" he opened not his mouth. The present representative from the First district had better keep his eyes on the gun. If he does not he will discover that before he gets his seat warm in Congress young James will be seated in his place. Ollie James is a coming young man and Hendrick will do well to keep an eye on him.—Owensboro Messenger.

TOLU.

T. J. Hamilton, after an illness of many months, is up again. Misses Irene LaRue and Laura Bout, of Sheridan are visiting friends in Tolu this week.

A mistake last week as to the price of corn; 48c is highest price paid. D. Tinsley was drowned Saturday evening in Croft lake; he was found Sunday by the use of dynamite.

Rev. Aron Johnson preached at Forest Hill Sunday to a large crowd. Perhaps forty obeyed the Saviour's command to "wash one another's feet."

Mr. and Mrs. Pilon, of Livingston county, were visiting Dr. Boyd's family last week.

Miss Mattie Wallace has returned from Marion, bringing some friends home with her.

P. B. Croft and wife, John Wolf, and Foster Threlkeld spent Sunday at the Springs.

Mrs. P. B. Croft and Miss Allie Croft took the packet for Evansville Monday.

A colt belonging to John Sauer, colored, got snake bitten and its head swelled until the eyes burst out.

Miss Mary Bennett and her brother Wallace returned home from Weston Monday.

T. J. Wright is hauling corn this week; he sold his corn in the ear at 46 cents.

Mrs. Jim Wallace is visiting relatives in Marion.

Miss Nannie Young leaves Wednesday for Marion to spend a few days, and then she will visit her sister in Union county.

NEW SALEM.

Ervin Bruster and Mrs. Chester Conyers and little Sarah Thorning, are on the sick list this week.

We are needing rain badly, very badly.

Three fourths of the corn crop of this section has to be planted the second time on account of destruction by out worms.

The wheat crop looks bad; it does not look at this time to make, if favorable from now until harvest, more than 60 per cent of a crop.

Wess and Sam Grimes set tobacco on the 11th, without any rain. Wess and Sam belong to the M. E. church so maybe the tobacco will live.

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So in a 27 and 137 in the third act of 1894 referred to in the conclusion of court embody all sections of the act relating to the income tax as the entire income tax is declared void, per se.

The vote of the court stood five against the constitutionality of the law to four for the law. Those against it were Chief Justice Fuller and Justices Field, Gray, Brewer and Shreve. For the law: Justices Harlan, White, Brown and Jackson.

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So long known, so well tried and greatly prized by farmers of the South and West.

Your attention is especially called to our own make of plows. Our double shovels, new ground plows and cultivators are extensively used and highly appreciated by many farmers—we are selling them very low and know that a fair trial will convince you of their many good qualities. We are also handling

National Corn, Tobacco and Wheat Fertilizers,

One of the best commercial fertilizers known. It has been sold in this county for years, and is recommended by many of the best farmers.

We keep on hands repairs for all the mowing machines sold in this section.

Knowing that we have good goods, and will give you value received for every dollar you spend with us, we earnestly solicit your trade. As to our reliability, we refer to our record for the many years we have done business in Marion. Come and see us.

MARION, KY.

J. W. ADAMS & SON.

Knights of Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: After trying other medicines for whom seemed to be a very obstinate case in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures when all other remedies fail."—Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com.—Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at H. K. Woods Drug Store. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

The I. W. Harper is the finest whiskey on earth. Used in moderation, it is a sure specific for indigestion for general debility, for insomnia, for mental depression. It is as fragrant as ripe fruit and if used in moderation it lengthens life, adds to our joys and drives dull care away.

The I. W. Harper whiskey is absolutely pure. It is prescribed by the ablest physicians of this country, and by degrees it is winning a world-wide reputation. Sold by

J. H. ORR & Co.,
Marion, Ky.

Rankin Hammond,
PAINTER,
MARION, KENTUCKY.

All kinds of house painting done in first class manner. Work guaranteed. Buggy and carriage painting of all kinds a specialty. Charges very reasonable. If you need work get his prices.

Free Coinage or
no Free Coinage.

We are the People Just the Same to Buy Your Goods From.

ALWAYS IN THE LEAD WITH THE BEST GOODS AT LOWEST TIME PRICES.

Our Clothing, Dry Goods, Shoes and all Kinds of Merchandise

WERE NEVER AS CHEAP, AND OUR ASSORTMENT NEVER BETTER.

Buy from us and save money.

PIERCE, YANDELL, GUGENHEIM CO.

The Press.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

ONE YEAR \$3.00

We are authorized to announce

DAVID ADAMS

a candidate to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce

G. N. McGREW

as a candidate to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce

T. J. NICKELL

as a candidate to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

Let us hope and pray that it will be a long, long time before we have another mob in this county, and a long, long time before our good name is again stained with crime. We have good people, and as large a percentage of them are heretofore as all tyrants and mob law as any other county in the State, but our record does not show it, and the people because of evil have against us. Our courts are as prompt in bringing criminals to justice as the courts of any section of the country; the records will show this, and there is no necessity for mob violence.

The people generally feel that Howerton's punishment was no more than commensurate with his crime, but a large majority deeply regret the affair of Wednesday night. They think, and rightly too, that the law should have been permitted to take its course, that justice would have been speedily meted out to him by the court, and that the cloud brought forth from the county by mob law would have been avoided.

The Owensboro currency resolution is all right.

The Democrats of the city of Henderson have declared for the gold standard.

Our Populist friend, Dr. Clark, whom there is no better man, accepts the nomination of his party for the legislature.

Lyon county votes on prohibition Saturday. As we are to follow her example shortly, the result of the election Saturday will be noted for with a good deal of interest.

Carlisle now turns his back on the dollar as he has done in 1878 on the currency question. May he not do the same thing on the tariff question? If he was wrong on one, he may be wrong on the other.

Mr. Nickell announced that free silver is his platform; G. N. McGrew put himself on record for the same thing at Owensboro last week. Now let Mr. Adams speak out and we will all know where we are at.

With Carlisle and Waterson scamping away from the Democratic tenets, and the Supreme Court denying the right of Congress to tax the wealth of the country, it is time to stop and wonder, "where we are at." It is a time for the rank and file of Democracy to stand together.

Henry Waterson owns up to having advocated free coinage in the past, but says he was wrong. It may be that the star-eyed goddess has all along been jinking about tariff reform, and the next breeze from Louisville may blow her away. Mr. Waterson is standing shoulder to shoulder with the free coinage forces at the

There is nothing in Mr. Carlisle's Covington speech about an international conference. He is for the gold standard first, last and all the time. Those people who have been clamoring for a conference had as well shut up now. There appears to be a middle ground. Are you a bimetalist, that is for both gold and silver, or are you a gold mono-metalist, that is for gold alone?

Dr. Moore has reason to be proud of his race for the railroad commissionership, even though he lost. He began the fight unknown in politics beyond his own section, he had no body prominent in politics to assist him in the race, three of his opponents were widely known, had good official records behind them and some of the most influential men in the district at their backs; yet Dr. Moore outlived four of them and was second in the race. He made friends all over the district, and so conducted his canvass as to win the good opinion of all of his opponents and their friends. The Press is proud that Crittenden and her candidate made such a creditable showing at the Owensboro convention, and believes that the future has yet some honors in store for our splendid county.

The "Banner" is the name of a new paper published at Smithland by Rutter & Rutter. It is a neat, lively paper, one worthy the patronage of its county, and the Press wishes it success. There is one thing we object to, however, it says: "As to our political views they are Democratic, and we propose to stand by the principles of that great party," and in this same number it proceeds to attack silver and defend goldbugism. Its statement and its editorial are incompatible. The principles of the party have been enunciated in the party platform; in the platform of the last State Convention we find this:

Fourth—Recognizing the fact that the United States is the greatest silver producing country in the world, and that both gold and silver were equally the money of the constitution from the beginning of the republic until the hostile and fraudulent legislation of the Republican party against silver which unduly contracted the circulating medium of the country, and feeling that the great interests of the people demand more money for use in the channels of trade and commerce, we tender our gratitude to the Democrats in the last Congress for their almost unanimous votes in both Houses in favor of the free coinage of silver and demand its restoration to the position of equality before the law given to it by our fathers.

In the National Democratic platform we find these words:

"We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country, and to the coinage of both gold and silver without discriminating against either metal or charge for mintage."

In addition to these, with but few exceptions, the party's speakers in congress and out of congress, have since 1878 preached the same doctrine year after year, and at each campaign the old story was told over and over again. Even the party's campaign books, issued by the national committee, endorsed the doctrine. Now, as the Banner says, "B. B. Walker is like other people in many respects; he has weakness," but that weakness does not consist in running away from the doctrine of his party, and when away still claiming his party's name. No, no, brother, you are not a Democrat. Where are you at, anyhow?

It May Do As Much For You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a severe kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called kidney cures but without good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all kidney and Liver Troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At H. K. Woods Drug Store.

All kinds of dressed lumber, flooring, siding, ceiling, finishing lumber, mouldings of every description, turned columns; our prices will not admit of competition. When wanting any of the above don't fail to get our price.

The Courier-Journal had in its special from Owensboro yesterday the following interview:

Congressman Hendrick of the First district, said: "I made my campaign on a sound money platform and won by it. I believe my majority still exists in my district. These reports about so many free silver men in my county are untrue. How can a Democrat be for free silver with the record of our administration behind us. A Democrat could not get up and make a speech on a free silver platform. That would be going back on the teaching of our party."

This is what Mr. Hendrick has to say on the money question as it relates to his district. No doubt he thought he was talking by the card. But in view of what his congressional district did in the convention yesterday, it seems he knows very little about public sentiment there. He was in the convention when the silver men of his district, under the lead of that brainy young Democrat, Ollie James, rushed like a cyclone to the rescue of those who demanded the restoration of silver—yet like a "lamb dumb" before his shears he opened not his mouth. The present representative from the First district had better keep his eyes on the gun. If he does not he will discover that before he gets his seat warm in Congress young James will be seated in his place. Ollie James is a coming young man and Hendrick will do well to keep an eye on him.—Owensboro Messenger.

TOLU.

T. J. Hamilton, after an illness of many months, is up again.

Misses Irene LaRue and Laura B. Bout, of Sheridan are visiting friends in Tolu this week.

A mistake last week as to the price of corn: 48c is highest price paid.

D. Tinsley was drowned Saturday evening in Croft lake; he was found Sunday by the use of dynamite.

Rev. Aaron Johnson preached at Forest Hill Sunday to a large crowd. Perhaps forty obeyed the Saviour's command to "wash one another's feet."

Mr. and Mrs. Palon, of Livingston county, were visiting Dr. Boyd's family last week.

Miss Mattie Wallace has returned from Marion, bringing some friend home with her.

P. B. Craft and wife, John Wolf, and Foster Threlkeld spent Sunday at the Springs.

Mrs. P. B. Craft and Miss Allie Craft took the packet for Evansville Monday.

A colt belonging to John Saucer, colored, got snake bitten and its head swelled until its eyes burst out.

Miss Mary Bennett and her brother Wallace returned home from Weston Monday.

T. J. Wright is hauling corn this week; he sold his corn in the ear at 46c.

Mrs. Jim Wallace is visiting relatives in Marion.

Miss Annie Young leaves Wednesday for Marion to spend a few days, and then she will visit her sister in Union county.

NEW SALEM.

Ervin Bruster and Mrs. Chester Conyers and little Sarah Thorning, are on the sick list this week.

We are needing rain badly, very badly.

Three fourths of the corn crop of this section has to be planted the second time on account of destruction by cut worms.

The wheat crop looks bad; it does not look at this time to make, if favorable from now until harvest, more than 75 per cent. of a crop.

Wes and Sam Grimes set tobacco on the 11th, without any rain. Wes and Sam belong to the M. E. church so maybe the tobacco will live.

John Conyers had a horse to die last week.

Goodlett Shreeves had the misfortune to have a horse that got its leg broken on the 10th. Drs. C. R. Stevens of Salem and H. P. Brown, of Childress, set the broken leg.

Our old friend Goodlett Shreeves comes in with the base cut worm story. He says he caught seventy cut worms from two hills of corn. Can any one beat it—we mean in the number of

Dick Miles, of Tolu, was in this section Saturday at 3 Sunday.

Our farmers report great destruction to tobacco plants by the bugs in the last ten days; some farmers report having lost every plant. From present prospects not more than one half of a tobacco crop can be set, if the season from now on is favorable.

The Rev. Hodge Murphy preached at Tyler's Chapel Saturday night and the second Sunday.

C. O. Lowery, Livingston's county court clerk, is visiting his father's family.

For pure, unadulterated, old fashioned Kentucky hospitality, the good people of the little village of Levisa can not be beat anywhere in Kentucky.

Rev. Robert LaRue, of Levisa, is at home from Louisville to visit his friends, and Robert numbers them by the score.

Our Sabbath schools are increasing in attendance and interest every Sabbath. It is a good place for the old as well as the young.

FREEDOM.

The frost damaged crops to a certain extent.

There was services at Freedom Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Mallie and Sallie Long were the guests of Polly and Lilly Fritts last Sunday.

That hanging at Marion last week ought to be a lesson to others. It is hinted around that there is going to be another marriage in this neighborhood soon.

Farmers are still grumbling at the cutworms; much replanting will have to be done.

John Nesbit got the mitten the other night; oh, Johnnie!

Willie Fritts, Misses Lullie and Nora Fritts, Miss Annie Clark, Miss Ada Fritts, and Messrs. Robt Nesbit, Calvin Fritts, James Nation and Clay Fritts went to the river last week on a fishing expedition. They caught less than a hundred pounds of fish.

There will be preaching at Freedom next Sunday night. Rev. Ramsey will preach. Come out and hear him.

There was prayer meeting at this place Wednesday night.

Cactus.

FREDONIA.

The Athenian club has gotten to be a very interesting affair, as the young people from the surrounding neighborhood have become regular attendants.

Mrs. Milla Palmer of Lyon county, with Miss Maggie Stevenson, was visiting at home in town Sunday.

Mrs. Frankie Rorer of Crittenden was visiting her father, Wm. Rorer, of White Sulphur, Saturday and Sunday.

Several of the farmers got nearly through planting an enormous big crop of tobacco last week; in some places the worms bit off a considerable amount of it.

Miss Alma Mott was visiting the Misses Wigginton Sunday.

Messrs. Frank Guess and Will Stevenson from Princeton neighborhood were in town last week.

J. T. Coleman, of Princeton, was in town last week.

Nellie Garner, who had apparently recovered from danger of diphtheria, died Sunday evening of paralysis of the heart.

Mrs. Agnes Maxwell, of Dogwood was in town shopping Monday.

H. C. Paris of Piney creek was in town Sunday evening.

We have the best line of shoes ever in town.

Gents furnishing goods of the latest styles and lowest prices.

Bugg & Loyd.

A large crowd of young folks from Princeton were in town Sunday evening.

Call and examine our assortment of fashionable hats and caps, which are sure to please you in style and price.

Bugg & Loyd.

Oscar Morgan went to Salem last Saturday.

Ladies vests of every style, from 5c up to the best. Bugg & Loyd.

Domestics of every grade, and at lowest possible prices. Bugg & Loyd.

About two dozen of all wool \$5 suits yet.

Sam Howerton.

See our suits at \$7.50, to \$12.50. Sam Howerton.

Miss Bertie Wigginton is at home, after a stay of several months at the Marion school.

We have a complete stock of finest dress goods at lowest cash prices.

Eug & Loyd.

Jeff Wylie, of Princeton, was in town Sunday.

C. M. Rorer and family of Crittenden, were visiting his father, J. C. Rorer and family, of Caldwell, last Sunday.

I will sell you a good lamp, burner, chimney and wick complete for 30 cents; everything in glassware same rates.

S. C. Bennett.

J. T. Morgan's building, a combined store and dwelling at Flatrock.

A. H. Cardin of Marion was here last week making pretty high offers for a few tobacco crops that had not been sold.

H. C. Turley and family, Charley Myers and family, of Critter were in town Sunday.

Lee Dorroh, of White Sulphur, was visiting in Crittenden Sunday.

Claude Wilson, of Critter, was in town Sunday.

Will Dorroh and sister Maggie, of Lyon county passed here Sunday, en route to visit their brother Frank at Crayneville.

A nice line of new children's shoes.

Sam Howerton.

J. T. Wolf made a business trip to Crittenden Monday.

See our summer coats, vests, and duck pants.

Sam Howerton.

A large crowd attended the burial of Nellie Garner Monday evening.

Fred Guess with Miss Ella Black, of Critter, left home Sunday morning to attend church at Fredonia. The horse ran away and ruined Fred's new buggy.

J. T. Morgan and Misses Lizzie McDonald and Lizzie Brown will attend the Endeavor convention at Louisville Thursday.

W. C. Glenn has for sale the best mare and colt in Caldwell county.

J. E. Critter has the best two year old mule in Ky., (a colt of the mare for sale as above). The price of the mare will suit any one that wants to buy; come at once and secure a big bargain.

W. C. Glenn.

IRON HILL.

The cut worms have done considerable damage to crops here, and most of the corn crop will be planted again.

Rev. Barbee preached to a large congregation Sunday and also preached at night.

Sandy Dean is teaching a two months school here and has quite a number of pupils.

Mr. Vaun and wife, of Hopkins, visited G. F. Williams family last week.

Thomas Dollins, of Midway, attended church here Sunday.

Marion Dean visited friends in Bell Mines country Saturday.

Hackett Barbee and his sister are visiting friends here at present.

A fine mare, owned by John D. Kemp, fell from Piney bluff Sunday night and was killed; she was a beauty and George was very proud of her.

Fishermen and "sang" diggers seem to have reasonably good luck this season.

KNOCKED OUT.

The Income Tax Declared Unconstitutional by the Supreme Court.

Washington, May 20.—The income tax law was declared unconstitutional today. The conclusions of the court are as follows:

First, we adhere to the opinion already announced, taxes on real estate being undisputedly direct taxes, and on personal property are likewise direct taxes. Third, the tax imposed by sections 27 to 37, inclusive, of the act of 1894, so far as it falls on income from real estate and personal property being a direct tax within the meaning of the constitution and therefore unconstitutional and void, because not apportioned according to representation, all those sections constituting the entire scheme of taxation are necessarily invalid. The decrees hereinbefore entered in this court are to be vacated. Decrees below are to be reversed, and cases remanded with instruction to grant the relief prayed.

Sec. 27 and 37 in the tariff act of 1894 referred to in the conclusion of court embody all sections of the act relating to the income tax, so the entire income tax is declared void, specifically.

The vote of the court stood five against the constitutionality of the law to four for the law. Those against it were Chief Justice Fuller and Justices Field, Gray, Brewer and "Hiss"; for the law: Justices Harlan, White, Brown and Jackson.

We can be getting in new stock continually, as we sell continually.

Sam Howerton.

Times are hard, I must and will have money, will positively sell anything and everything in the Grocery and Hardware line at COST for the next 30 days.

Mason Fruit Jars, 80 cents per dozen.
Sealing Wax Fruit Jars, 65 cents per dozen.
Granulated Sugar 19 pounds for \$1.00.
Light C Sugar 20 pounds for \$1.00.
Cups and Saucers 15 cents per set.
Glasses 15 cents per set.
Water Buckets, 10 cents each.

I AM HANDLING THE

Geo. Delker Buggy,

The Best Buggy Made in the World.

Disc Cultivators, The Best Made, Handled By Us Only.

Buggy Harness, from \$5.00 up. Nails, wire and in fact everything else in the Hardware line positively at first cost for the next 30 days. We want your Wool, Ginsang and Feathers, will pay you spot cash for them.

M. SCHWAB.

A Word to Farmers.

We Want to Supply Your wants in Our Line.

We announce to the Farmers of Crittenden and adjoining counties that we are handling Farming Machinery this season, and will supply you with as good as the market affords

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

We handle the Mogul Wagon, one of best made.

WE HAVE THE CELEBRATED

Champion Harvesting Machines,

So long known, so well tried and greatly prized by farmers of the South and West.

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The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

LOCAL NEWS.

Needles, oils and supplies for all kinds of sewing machines at Pierce & Son's.

Lime at Pierce & Son's.

Shingles at Walker & Olive's.

Dr. T. H. Cossitt, Dentist, Marion.

Dr. Jordan, the dentist, of Marion.

Doors and sash at Walker & Olive's.

The carding machine will be at work in a few days.

FOR SALE: A good road cart, very cheap. J. W. Goodloe.

Get a copy of Coit's Financial School at Marion's.

Get your building lumber from Walker & Olive.

R. N. Dorr has purchased the Elder planing mill.

A primary election is the best way to nominate candidates.

Two cans corn for 15 cents. A. F. Griffith.

Dr. Allen Lowery and wife, of Carversville, were in town Monday.

Fly bumpers. A. Dewey & Co.

Port Morris of Salem, was in town Monday, hunting a cook.

Misses Nellie Wilson and Mattie Blue went to Nashville Saturday.

They went by boat from Dycusburg.

Get out prices on screen doors before buying elsewhere.

A. Dewey & Co.

Mrs. R. F. Haynes, Jr., and children are spending the week with friends at Caseyville.

Buy your screen doors from A. Dewey & Co.

Mr. F. M. Clement will go to Ardmore, Ind. Ter., shortly to rebuild the property he recently lost by fire.

Save money and buy your screen doors from A. Dewey & Co.

The people of the Baz district, have just made a contract for a new school house. Mr. Ackridge, of Kelsey, is the contractor.

Bring in your wheat. We will pay the highest market price for it. W. D. Haynes.

The cut worms have even gone to the river bottom corn fields—something not known before in this section.

Car load of shingles just received, every bundle warranted; get our prices. A. Dewey & Co.

The residence of Bob's Blakely, two miles from Hampton, was destroyed by fire Tuesday evening of last week. Most of the household goods were saved.

Siding, ceiling, moulding, etc., for sale by Walker & Olive. Get our prices on any bill you may want.

On the 17th the county court made an order allowing C. Henderson \$50 for arresting and delivering John M. Howerton to the jailer of Crittenden county. The county court offered a reward of that amount for his apprehension.

I will not be at my office in Marion next Saturday.

Mina Wheeler, School Supt.

A few days ago Mr. W. P. Loyd had the remains of his wife exhumed and placed in a splendid, substantial under ground marble vault, and an elegant monument was erected over the grave. The work was done by the Henry Bros., of this place, and is of course a tasty piece of work.

Big lot of O. G. doors and glazed sash bought before the advance of If you buy from us we will give you the advantage of old prices. A. Dewey & Co.

Drowned.

Friday evening Dee Tinsley was drowned in Barnett's lake. He was an unmarried man about thirty years old, for some years he has been subject to epileptic fits. He was in a boat on the lake and it is supposed that one of those fits came upon him, and he fell overboard and drowned. No one was with him at the time; his hat and fishing rod were found floating on the lake.

Aunt Mary Dead.

"Aunt" Mary Haynes, an old colored woman, who has been a resident of Marion for many years, died at her home Thursday, after a brief illness. "Aunt Mary," as she was familiarly known, had many friends among both the white and black people of this vicinity, and all regret her demise. She was a relic of slavery days, and an industrious woman who was. Peace to her soul.

HELD OVER.

Five Men Charged With Burglarizing the Tolu Warehouse Held to Answer at Circuit Court.

The examining trial of George W. Ross, Burt Rose, Milton Rose, Lewis Windsor, and James Webb, charged with breaking into the Tolu warehouse and taking away a lot of goods occupied Monday and a part of Tuesday before county judge Moore. Some thirty odd witnesses were examined; the defendant, Ross, represented by James & Jones, Moore & Moore, of this place, and Judge Campbell, of Paducah; Messrs. Blue & Deboe assisted county attorney Travis in the prosecution, and the battle was a pretty hard fought one all around.

After hearing the evidence and the argument the court decided to hold the accused in bond to answer any indictment the grand jury might find against them. The bond of each was fixed at \$300; the three Rosses executed bond very readily, but Windsor and Webb failed in this and were sent to jail.

The case has attracted considerable attention on account of the prominence of some of the parties. The stolen goods belonged to the People's Store of Tolu, and the manager of the store, Mr. E. A. Moore, has spared no pains in working up the case. Mr. W. A. Wickliffe, of Paducah, has assisted him in the matter.

Sunday School Convention.

God willing, we will hold our first District Sunday School Convention at W. son's Chapel, Saturday, June 1. The first district includes all the schools between the Marion-Fredonia and Marion-Shady Grove roads. We hope all the schools in this district will be represented. We shall be glad if each school will send a good singing class. We shall be pleased to have representatives or classes from schools of other districts. We shall not expect the Wilson's Chapel school to furnish dinner for all, but cordially ask all the schools and surrounding neighborhoods to bring their baskets well filled. We shall be pleased to have from every school a report of its condition and progress. All classes present will be given a place on programme. Let us all attend and make this a pleasant and profitable day, and let us ask for an out pouring of the Holy Spirit upon our work.

J. F. PRICE, Co. Pres.

The school board held a meeting Monday night. The advisability of building an iron fence around the school house was discussed and pronounced. Two of the board were for the fence and three against it, and the matter was left for future settlement. The matter of re-electing teachers for the next term, the length of the term, and salaries came up for considerable discussion. [Some members were for a nine month term and others for eight months. By a unanimous vote Mr. Evans was re-elected principal, and the assistant's place was tendered Mr. S. W. Adams. Misses Moore, Browning and Clement were chosen as teachers and Mr. Blackburn can have his old place if he wants it. Miss Kevill was not an applicant for a position in the school.]

Sunday School Convention.

We want to hold District Conventions in the county as follows: No. 1, Wilsons Chapel, Sat., June 1 No. 2, " " " " 22 No. 3, Tolu " " 29 No. 4, Eden " " July 6 We want to hold the County Convention at Crayneville, Saturday Aug. 3.

If any other time or place would suit the people in the various districts better, they can inform me of that fact.

J. F. PRICE, Co. Pres.

Marriage License.

Coleman Byford and Miss Alice A. Tucker. Barhl McCormack and Mrs. Lucy Paulk.

Mr. W. E. Davis, of Lola, was in town yesterday.

To The Farmers of Crittenden.

We are building the best binders and mowers built—for strength and light draft we defy competition. We can handle repairs.

H. L. Elder.

Deeds Recorded.

W. S. Paris, to W. L. Franklin, 6 acres for \$16.

J. W. Jones to W. H. Flannery lots for \$150.

A. W. Blue, sr., to G. R. Williams 8 acres for \$40.

Mr. J. C. Long is circulating a petition asking for the pardon of his son, who was sent to the penitentiary from this place at the last term of circuit court for attempting to burn a barn.

A car load of fine white Union potato corn for sale, price 50 cents per bushel.

A. Dewey & Co.

Don't throw trash on the streets; it is a violation of a town ordinance to dump old cases, old cans, and old rubbish of any kind on any street. The fine is from \$1 to \$20.

Among the Tolu people in town Monday were Messrs. Joe Brown and wife, Wm. Barnett and wife, W. P. Crider and wife.

At a meeting of the town trustees recently an ordinance was passed making it a fine to hitch horses to any shade tree in town.

The Methodists hold the quarterly meeting at Hurricane the second Saturday and Sunday in June.

Good molasses 26c per gallon.

A. F. Griffith.

THE MOBS WORK.

Howerton Pays The Severest of all Penalties For His Black Crime.

JAILER HARD LOCKS UP SOME OF THE MEN, BUT IS FORCED TO UNBOLT THE DOORS.

John Howerton is dead.

The illustration accompanying this article tells the manner of his death. He committed the awful crime of rape, he died a disgraceful death at the hands of a mob.

He ruthlessly assaulted a helpless girl, protected by the darkness of the night, he robbed her of the priceless gem of pure womanhood. He was in turn ruthlessly dragged from jail, overpowered by arms that were stronger than his and under cover of night he was robbed of his life.

Are the scales now balanced? But to the story:

The crime which made John M. Howerton a fugitive from justice was told to the readers of the Press three weeks ago; in a word it is this: While going from one neighbor's house to another, Howerton, who escorted Annie Pierce, a daughter of a farmer of the Repton neighborhood, with his charge fell behind his companions, and when out of their hearing by physical force he despoiled the sixteen year old girl, keeping her in the wood for some hours. He then remained in hiding in the county for a week, and being hard pushed by the officers and the indignant people, he fled the country. On Monday, May 13, Mr. C. Henderson, of Blackford, found Howerton at work planting corn on the farm of a relative in Suddard county, Mo. Before the fugitive knew of his presence, Henderson had a pistol drawn on him and at the command Howerton threw up his hands and surrendered. On Wednesday evening of last week, Henderson arrived at Marion with his prisoner and turned

him over to jailer Hard, who placed him behind the iron bars of the county jail. Five hours after Howerton reached the county and was lodged in jail there was an unmistakable knock at the door of the jailer's residence, which adjoins the jail; when the officer went to the door, he was soon made to understand that a number of men were present and they wanted John Howerton; with little ceremony the keys were in the hands of the mob, and the jailer was marched along at the point of a pair of pistols to assist in opening up, if his services were necessary. No trouble was encountered and soon the men were in Howerton's cell, shaking his arm to wake him up. He got up, as asked for time to put on his shoes. While this was transpiring jailer Hard who had stopped at the first iron door, quietly and quickly locked the door, fastening seven men on the inside; and then ran to alarm the sheriff. This done he proceeded to alarm the city marshal, but before he reached that officer's house, he encountered another mob, or another detachment of the same crowd, about thirty strong. They took him in charge, marched him back to the jail, and again made him surrender the keys; in a few seconds the second party had the doors open, and found the men who had unwittingly permitted themselves to be locked up, hard at work trying to make a hole through the brick wall of the jail. It was soon understood that each party was bent upon the same object, and Howerton was found concealed in the bed of another prisoner; he was taken to the door, his hands tied, and all quitted the place. Howerton used his voice pretty freely at first, but before going

far he was heard to remark: "All right, gentlemen, I will quit." The crowd went out the Morganfield road, and disappeared.

Early next morning the news was spread, and in a little while the dead body of John Howerton was found hanging to the big cross beam that ties the gate posts of the railroad stock yards, near A. Dewey & Co's mill. A small rope or hempen wind cord was used to do the fatal work.

Notwithstanding the early hour, hundreds of people visited the scene, and looked upon the end of John Howerton. About 9 o'clock the corpse was cut down by county judge Moore and taken to the undertaker's, where it was afterwards turned over to the family of the dead man.

The career of Howerton for some years past has been leading him up to the climax that came. He has been almost continually before the courts, and in unlawful affairs; some years ago he was involved in trouble somewhat similar to his last escapade. It was not so grievous, however, and he succeeded in keeping it out of the courts.

His father is Henry Howerton, an old, white headed man in his seventies; he is a peaceful, law-abiding, honest citizen, well thought of by his neighbors, and everybody who knows him sympathizes with him in this great sorrow.

While the public generally feared a mob, but few people anticipated such a hurry on his part. Howerton did not reach Marion until night, and the news of his arrest and arrival, it was



thought, had not been spread abroad, and that there had been no time for organizing a mob. The county judge had intended sending the prisoner to Hopkinsville Thursday morning for safe keeping until court, or until the excitement died down. Howerton was not expecting a mob, and he had no fears on that score; he was afraid, however, that the father of the injured girl would kill him. It appears that Henderson had a telegram to Blackford, asking that \$10 be expressed to him at Fulton, and that from the telegram the friends of Pierce inferred that Howerton had been arrested and would reach Marion Wednesday, and it is probable that they anticipated his removal from the county, and on this account were urged not to delay.

It is said that Henderson, the man who brought Howerton back, broke down his car when he learned of the fate of the latter. He said that he would never have brought him here had he been convinced that such a thing would occur.

Jailer Hard Tells It as Follows:

About 11:45 o'clock I was aroused from sleep by loud and lusty knocks on my door. I asked what was wanted. Open the door quick, was the demand.

I opened the door, and three of them covered me with pistols, and said they wanted the jail keys. They all then rushed right into the family room, and demanded that I be quick about getting the keys. They would not give me time to put on my shoes, but with those three ugly looking pistols they ordered me to march out and unlock the jail; I refused but

gave them the keys; they took the keys, and keeping those pistols on me, they made me go along with them to the jail doors, there they demanded that I unlock the doors, I told them that they had the keys and if the doors were unlocked they must do it, that I would not. Finally they succeeded in getting the doors open, and then wanted to know where Howerton was; about this time one of the prisoners walked around to where we were, and they demanded of him the whereabouts of Howerton, he declined to say, and by this time they had discovered Howerton sleeping soundly in his cell. After demanding that I open the cell door, I refused, and they finally opened the door, went in, caught hold of Howerton's arm, and shook him to wake him; when he roused up, they said: "John, come and go with us!" he got up, sat down in a chair and said: "Wait, boys, until I get on my shoes." Nobody appeared to be excited but me; while this was transpiring I was standing at the outside door, and when all of the party was standing looking in Howerton's cell, I slipped out, locked the door, put the key in my pocket, pulled off my shoes, ran around the house, told my wife not to be alarmed that I had them locked up, I then went to arouse the sheriff, but went to the wrong house, but finally found him, and told him the situation; I then started for the town marshal, but when I got to Weldon's corner, I heard a crowd coming up the streets, and I knew the thing was up, and I went back to the jail, and found that the six men I had locked in jail were trying to break out by knocking a hole through the brick wall; I saw then resistance was useless—there was a mob inside trying to break out, and a mob outside trying to break in. I gave up the keys to those on the outside and asked them to protect the jail, not to turn any of the other prisoners out, I also told them that I had some of their men locked up, they told me to unlock the doors and as I did so, I told them I did not know whether their men were up stairs or on the first floor; they said they wanted no one but Howerton, and then I knew that the men on the outside knew nothing about those on the inside, and there were two distinct mobs after Howerton, and up to this time neither knew nothing about the other; as I opened the door, one of the men who had been locked up, came up to me with his pistol drawn and uttering unmentionable oaths said: "Hard, you did me a mean, dirty low down trick," I thought he was going to shoot me, and while another member of the last mob was expostulating with him I slid down the railing and went into the house. By this time they had tied Howerton and brought him to the front door of the jail. There he gave two or three unearthly yells that made my blood run cold, then they all left. From the time they first knocked at the door until they left with Howerton was about an hour, according to the clock, but to me it seemed like ten days. Some of the men in the last crowd were not disguised in any way; some of them put their faces close to the light, and said: "Hard do you know me?" I said, "no," I never saw you before and hope to God I will never see you again." Most of the men had their faces blacked, one had a handkerchief tied over his face. I never before spent such a night, no sir, I did not go to bed any more that night, and to tell you the truth I have not slept good since then. I thought the first mob was composed of Howerton's friends and that they had come to rescue him.

Two cans tomatoes for 15 cents. A. F. Griffith.

Strawberries 10c per can. A. F. Griffith.

Damage Suit It Lyon County.

Suit for damages amounting to \$25,000 has been entered in the Lyon circuit court against Marshal Wm. McCollum and his bondsmen by the heirs of Mrs. M. E. Berryman, deceased, the ground of complaint being that the marshal exceeded his authority in making the arrest and putting Mrs. Berryman in jail, thus incidentally causing her death, without the necessary papers. The suit will not come up for trial until the next term of court.—Paducah News.

Raisins 5 cents per pound. A. F. Griffith.

Last Call.

I have waited as long as I can and have instructed my deputies to levy on all who owe me taxes for the year 1894. Govern yourself accordingly, for there will be no exceptions whatever. Jno. T. Franks, S. C. C.

Cash paid for produce by A. F. Griffith.

Saturday the baseball club of this place went to Caseyville to play the club of that place. The game never reached a conclusion; the Marion boys pulled up stakes and came home after the first inning. They claim that they were not courteously nor even fairly treated, a bystander was permitted to interfere with the game, the umpire was one-sided, and that to remain and play would have been exceedingly unpleasant, and they preferred not to play under such circumstances.

4 1/2 pounds good coffee for \$1. A. F. Griffith.

EDUCATIONAL.

Timely Suggestions For Trustees Teachers and People.

"We Must Educate or we Must Perish"—"As is the Teacher, so is The School"—"Public Opinion is a Public Trust."

The time for the election of trustees is nearly here; and there is no more important civil office in the county than that of trustee, so great are the responsibilities attached to it. If a good school is desired, much depends on the trustees. The people should choose the very best business man in the district; schools must be run on business principles to be successful.

Choose a man who is interested in the school as a patron; where one's interests are, there his heart is. Choose a public spirited man, one who is willing to spend and be spent in the great cause of education. Choose a conscientious man, one who, having accepted the trust under oath, will perform it as well as if he were being paid for it. Choose an intelligent man, who has firmness and force of character; one who will levy any necessary tax and cause its prompt collection; one who has the backbone and common sense to deal with any question or trouble that may arise. These characteristics the ideal trustee must have.

Seven or eight month schools in every county district should be the heart's desire of every patriotic citizen. In nearly all the counties a five month term is the rule, and there are few exemptions to it. Seven months out of school! Which means in most cases seven months of idleness! Seven months retrogression! To get the greatest good out of the school system we should have a minimum term of at least seven months. Reform! Advance! These words convey the ideas that our people should have in mind in dealing with the public school.

NOTICE!

If you want to buy Dry Goods, Furnishing Goods, Notions, Fine Shoes, Hats, Etc., Etc.,

CHEAP!

Call on R. F. HAYNES, Jr.

He has as complete a line as you will find in the city, and he will not be undersold.

WE HANDLE THE CELEBRATED

Atwood Suspender,

Try them, you will use no other.

R. F. HAYNES, JR.

system. It behooves trustees—charged with greater responsibility than any other class of civil officers, as they are—to take the initiative in this important matter. They should post notices providing for a vote at the approaching election upon the question of levying the necessary tax for that purpose; in order that the people may say whether they will pay for longer terms or not. The people will be deceived the opportunity to express their wishes if the proper notice be not given. Whatever the result be, the responsibility will not be upon the shoulders of the trustees. In nine cases out of ten a proposition of this kind carries.

Pretty soon many counties, especially those on the northern border of the State, will be over-run by young men and women from the states north of us, canvassing for schools—long before our home teachers have concerned themselves about securing employment. Trustees must take warning against such invaders. Experience has shown that in 90 cases out of every 100 "home talent" is to be preferred—and the reasons are obvious to need discussion. The writer of this paragraph in a careful study of all phases of the "teacher problem," has found that the attainments of nearly all these foreign teachers are exceedingly limited; as a rule they have had no experience in teaching and have had only common school training. It is noticeable, too, that applicants who have the most meager stock of scholarship are frequently the best "bustlers" when it comes to securing schools. Trustees would do well to hesitate a long time and investigate a great deal before employing one of these would be teachers, who, being unable to secure schools at home, come into Kentucky to train our future citizens. In this connection, let it be borne in mind that it is unlawful to contract with a teacher before July 1. Furthermore, it is best to make haste slowly in selecting teachers. But more along this line a few weeks hence.

There must be progress on educational lines; there is no such thing as standing still. We have been working hard for some time in Kentucky to catch up with the grand educational procession. Just as soon as we are fairly up to where we first saw the advancing army we find that it has moved on and up yonder hill. How shall we get up that height? Who shall pull the artillery, the ammunition wagons and the ambulances? Well, the State Association—the Kentucky Educational Association—must see that the work is done. But who is the Kentucky Association? Until last year it received the largest measure of its strength from the County Superintendents and a few city school principals. Until quite recently not one of the sixty comparatively well paid Newport teachers lent her presence. There were seldom more than two or three from each of the cities of Covington, Mayfield, Henderson, Owensboro, Frankfort and Paris

while Louisville sent not more than six or eight. But all this is changed now. The cities send large delegations, while the country schools send a still larger number, to this the great educational council of the Commonwealth. Of course teachers are well worn out in July, but this is another reason why they should attend—they can make the occasion a means of recreation. Many, no doubt, are not inclined to attend because, as they modestly say, "I cannot take anything of value to the Association." Why, my dear Sir, Miss or Madam, take the most valuable thing on earth—take yourself! Enroll yourself as a member and see how big the army is to which you belong. You will then be less afraid of the irate parent and the disgruntled trustee.

Dr. Clark Accepts.

MARION, KY., May 22, '95. To the Citizens of Crittenden and Livingston counties:

After the lapse of a considerable time, and mature consideration in my own mind, I have decided that it would be ungrateful and unpatriotic in me were I not to accept the honor tendered me by my people, which tender was made me by a Peoples Party convention, held some time ago, in the town of Salem, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for representative, for which position I was chosen by a unanimous vote. This was done without my choice or consent, and I asked and pled that my name be withdrawn and another in my stead be put on, but my pleading was not heard. When I found there was a determination that no further action would be taken in behalf of my request, I felt grateful and highly appreciated the honor and trust confided in me and so expressed myself and asked an indefinite time for consideration, which was granted and that I would give them a definite answer as soon as possible. In compliance with their request and my promise, I now declare myself a candidate to represent the people of Crittenden and Livingston counties,

J. H. Morse's CHEAP STORE.

Fine Shoes, Dress Goods AND Trimmings.

Furnishing Goods and Clothing.

WE DO NOT MEAN by Cheap Store that we are selling a lot of shoddy goods at a low price. BUT WE DO MEAN that we are giving a better quality in goods for the same money than any house in the county. You can buy ladies black hoes for 10c in any store, but the place that you can buy the best hoes for 10c is the cheapest store for you to buy your black ladies hoes. And what is true in regard to hoes is true in regard to every article kept on sale in any store.

So join the mighty throng that is daily coming to our store and examine qualities a little as well as prices.

We Have a Big Line and New Goods Coming in Every Day!

YOUR SERVANT,

J. H. MORSE

Proprietor of

Cash Store.

Look for our sign—CHEAP STORE. At Cameron's old stand.

Plates 25 cents per set. A. F. Griffith.

Tinware too cheap to advertise. A. F. Griffith.

New Restaurant

New Confectionery!

I have opened a confectionery and restaurant 2 doors south of Marion Hotel. I have a clean, complete stock of all kinds, fruits of all kinds etc., etc. My prices will be as low as possible for the best grade of goods.

A first class restaurant in connection with other business. Lunches, hot or cold and meals furnished at all hours. Everything neat and clean. Come and see me. Don't forget the place, 2 doors south of Marion Hotel. All kinds of non-intoxicating summer drinks.

MACHEN WILSON.

Cups and saucers 15 cents per set. A. F. Griffith.

REAL MERIT is the characteristic of Hoot's Sarsaparilla. It cures even after other preparations fail. Get Hoot's and ONLY Hoot's.

The Press.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

LOCAL NEWS.

Needles, oils and supplies for all kinds of sewing machines at Pierce & Son's.

Lime at Pierce & Son's.
Shingles at Walker & Olive's.

Dr. T. H. Cassitt, Dentist, Marion.

Dr. Jordan, the dentist, of Marion.

Doors and sash at Walker & Olive's.

The carding machine will be at work in a few days.

FOR SALE—A good road cart, very cheap.
J. W. Goodloe.

Get a copy of Coin's Financial School at Keary's.

Get your building lumber from Walker & Olive.

R. N. Dorr has purchased the Elder planing mill.

A primary election is the best way to nominate candidates.

Two cans corn for 15 cents.
A. F. Griffith.

Dr. Allen Lowery and wife, of Carrsville, were in town Monday.

Fly bumpers.
A. Dewey & Co.

Port Morris, of Salem, was in town Monday, hunting a cook.

Misses Nellie Wilson and Mattie Blue went to Nashville Saturday.

They went by boat from Dycusburg.

Get out prices on screen doors before buying elsewhere.

A. Dewey & Co.

Mrs. R. F. Haynes, Jr., and children are spending the week with friends at Caseyville.

Buy your screen doors from A. Dewey & Co.

Mr. F. M. Clement will go to Ardmore, Ind. Ter., shortly to rebuild the property he recently lost by fire.

Save money and buy your screen doors from
A. Dewey & Co.

The people of the Boaz district, have just made a contract for a new school house. Mr. Ackridge, of Kelsay, is the contractor.

Bring in your wheat. We will pay the highest market price for it.
W. D. Haynes.

The cut worms have even gone to the river bottom corn fields—something not known before in this section.

Car load of shingles just received, every bundle warranted; get our prices.
A. Dewey & Co.

The residence of Robt. Blakely, two miles from Hampton, was destroyed by fire Tuesday evening of last week. Most of the household goods were saved.

Siding, ceiling, moulding, etc., for sale by Walker & Olive. Get our prices on any bill you may want.

On the 17th the county court made an order allowing C. Henderson \$50 for arresting and delivering John M. Howerton to the jailer of Crittenden county. The county court offered a reward of that amount for his apprehension.

I will not be at my office in Marion next Saturday.
Mina Wheeler, School Supt.

A few days ago Mr. W. P. Loyd had the remains of his wife exhumed and placed in a splendid, substantial underground marble vault, and an elegant monument was erected over the grave. The work was done by the Henry Bros., of this place, and is of course a tasty piece of work.

Big lot of O. G. doors and glazed sash bought before the advance of If you buy from us we will give you the advantage of old prices.
A. Dewey & Co.

Drowned.
Friday evening Des Tinsley was drowned in Barnett's lake. He was an unmarried man about thirty years old, for some years he has been subject to epileptic fits. He was in a boat on the lake and it is supposed that one of those fits came upon him, and he fell overboard and drowned. No one was with him at the time; his hat and fishing rod were found floating on the lake.

Aunt Mary Dead.
"Aunt" Mary Haynes, an old colored woman, who has been a resident of Marion for many years, died at her home Thursday, after a brief illness. "Aunt Mary," as she was familiarly known, had many friends among both the white and black people of this vicinity, and all regret her demise. She was a relic of slavery days, and an industrious woman she was. Peace to her ashes.

HELD OVER.

Five Men Charged With Burglary—
Held to Answer at Circuit Court.

The examining trial of George W. Rose, Burt Rose, Milton Rose, Lewis Winder, and James Webb, charged with breaking into the Tolu warehouse and taking away a lot of goods occupied Monday and a part of Tuesday before county judge Moore. Some thirty witnesses were examined; the defendants were represented by James & James, Moore & Moore, of this place, and Judge Campbell, of Paducah; Messrs. Blue & Deboe assisted county attorney Travis in the prosecution, and the battle was a pretty hard fought one all around.

After hearing the evidence and the argument the court decided to hold the accused in bond to answer any indictment the grand jury might find against them. The bond of each was fixed at \$300; the three Roses executed bond very readily, but Winder and Webb failed in this and were sent to jail.

The case has attracted considerable attention on account of the prominence of some of the parties. The stolen goods belonged to the People's Store of Tolu, and the manager of the store, Mr. R. A. Moore, has spared no pains in working up the case. Mr. W. A. Wickliffe, of Paducah, has assisted him in the matter.

Sunday School Convention.

God willing, we will hold our first District Sunday School Convention at Wagon Chapel, Saturday, June 1. The first district includes all the schools between the Marion-Fredonia and Marion-Shady Grove roads. We hope all the schools in this district will be represented. We shall be glad if each school will send a good singing class. We shall be pleased to have representatives or classes from schools of other districts. We shall not expect the Wilson Chapel school to furnish dinner for all, but cordially ask all the schools and surrounding neighborhoods to bring their baskets well filled. We shall be pleased to have from every school a report of its condition and progress. All classes present will be given a place on programs. Let us all attend and make this a pleasant and profitable day, and let us ask for a out pouring of the Holy Spirit upon our work.

J. F. PRICE, Co. Pres.

The school board held a meeting Monday night. The advisability of building an iron fence around the school house was discussed and decided. Three of the board were for the fence and three against it; and the matter was left for future settlement. The matter of re-electing teachers for the next term, the length of the term, and salaries came up for considerable discussion. Some members were for a nine month term and others for eight months. By a unanimous vote Mr. Evans was re-elected principal, and the assistant's place was tendered Mr. S. W. Adams; Misses Moore, Browning and Clement were chosen as teachers and Mr. Blackburn can have his old place if he wants it. Miss Kevill was not an applicant for a position in the school.

Sunday School Convention.

We want to hold District Conventions in the county as follows:

No. 1, Wilsons Chapel, Sat. June 1
No. 2, " " " 22
No. 3, Tolu " " 29
No. 4, Econ " July 6

We want to hold the County Convention at Crayville, Saturday Aug. 3.

If any other time or place would suit the people in the various districts better, they can inform me of that fact.

J. F. PRICE, Co. Pres.

Marriage License.

Coleman Byford and Miss Alice A. Tacker.

Burhl McCormack and Mrs. Lucy Faulk.

Mr. W. E. Davis, of Lola, was in town yesterday.

To The Farmers of Crittenden.

We are handling the best binders and mowers built—for strength and light draft we defy competition. We can handle repairs.

H. L. Elder.

Deeds Recorded.

W. S. Paris, to W. L. Franklin, 6 acres for \$14.

J. W. Guess, to W. H. Flannery lots for \$150.

J. W. Blue, Jr., to G. R. Williams 8 acres for \$40.

Mr. J. C. Long is circulating a petition asking for the pardon of his son, who was sent to the penitentiary from this place at the last term of circuit court for attempting to burn a barn.

A car load of fine white Union county corn for sale; price 50 cents per bushel.
A. Dewey & Co.

Don't throw trash on the streets; it is a violation of a town ordinance to dump old shoes, old cans, and old rubbish of any kind on any street. The fine is from \$1 to \$20.

Among the Tolu people in town Monday were Messrs. Joe Brown and wife, Wm. Bennett and wife, W. P. Crider and wife.

At a meeting of the town trustees recently an ordinance was passed making it a fine to hitch horses to any shade tree in town.

The Methodists hold the quarterly meeting at Hurricane the second Saturday and Sunday in June.

Good molasses 20c per gallon.
A. F. Griffith.

THE MOBS WORK.

Howerton Pays The Severest of all Penalties For His Black Crime.

JAILER HARD LOCKS UP SOME OF THE MEN, BUT IS FORCED TO UNBOLT THE DOORS.

John Howerton is dead.

The illustration accompanying this article tells the manner of his death.

He committed the awful crime of rape, he died a disgraceful death at the hands of a mob.

He ruthlessly assaulted a helpless girl, protected by the darkness of the night, he robbed her of the priceless gem of pure womanhood. He was in turn ruthlessly dragged from jail, overpowered by arms that were stronger than his and under cover of night he was robbed of his life.

Are the scales now balanced? But to the story:

The crime which made John M. Howerton a fugitive from justice was told to the readers of the Press three weeks ago; in a word it is this: While going from one neighbor's house to another, Howerton, who escorted Annie Pierce, a daughter of a farmer of the Repton neighborhood, with his charge fell behind his companions, and when out of their hearing by physical force he despoiled the sixteen year old girl, keeping her in the wood for some hours. He then remained in hiding in the county for a week, and being hard pushed by the officers and the indignant people, he fled the country. On Monday, May 13, Mr. C. Henderson, of Blackford, found Howerton at work planting corn on the farm of a relative in Suddard county, Mo. Before the fugitive knew of his presence, Henderson had a pistol drawn on him and at the command Howerton threw up his hands and surrendered. On Wednesday evening of last week, Henderson arrived at Marion with his prisoner and turned him over to jailer Hard, who placed him behind the iron bars of the county jail. Five hours after Howerton reached the county and was lodged in jail there was an unmistakable knock at the door of the jailer's residence, which adjoins the jail; when the officer went to the door, he was soon made to understand that a number of men were present and they wanted John Howerton; with little ceremony the keys were in the hands of the mob, and the jailer was marched along at the point of a pair of pistols to assist in opening up, if his services were necessary. No trouble was encountered and soon the men were in Howerton's cell, shaking his arm to wake him up. He got up, asked for time to put on his shoes. While this was transpiring jailer Hard who had stopped at the first iron door, quietly and quickly locked the door, fastening seven men on the inside; and then ran to alarm the sheriff. This done he proceeded to alarm the city marshal, but before he reached that officer's house, he encountered another mob, or another detachment of the same crowd, about thirty strong. They took him in charge, marched him back to the jail, and again made him surrender the keys; in a few seconds the second party had the doors open, and found the men who had unwittingly permitted themselves to be locked up, hard at work trying to make a hole through the brick wall of the jail. It was soon understood that each party was bent upon the same object, and Howerton was found concealed in the bed of another prisoner; he was taken to the door, his hands tied, and all quitted the place. Howerton used his voice pretty freely at first, but before going

far he was heard to remark: "All right, gentlemen, I will quit." The crowd went out the Morganfield road, and disappeared.

Early next morning the news was spread, and in a little while the dead body of John Howerton was found hanging to the big cross beam that ties the gate posts of the railroad stock yards, near A. Dewey & Co's mill. A small rope or hempen window cord was used to do the fatal work.

Notwithstanding the early hour, hundreds of people visited the scene, and looked upon the end of John Howerton. About 9 o'clock the corpse was cut down by county judge Moore and taken to the undertakers, where it was afterwards turned over to the family of the dead man.

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His father is Henry Howerton, an old, white headed man in his seventies; he is a peaceful, law-abiding, honest citizen, well thought of by his neighbors, and everybody who knows him sympathizes with him in this great sorrow.

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thought, had not been spread abroad, and that there had been no time for organizing a mob. The county judge had intended sending the prisoner to Hopkinsville Thursday morning for safe keeping until court, or until the excitement died down. Howerton was not expecting a mob, and said he had no fears on that score; he was afraid, however, that the father of the injured girl would kill him. It appeared that Henderson had, the day before his arrival here, sent a telegram to Blackford, asking that \$10 be expended in making the arrest and putting Mrs. Berryman in jail, thus incidentally causing her death, without the necessary papers. The suit will not come up for trial until the next term of court.—Paducah News.

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EDUCATIONAL.

Timely Suggestions For Trustees Teachers and People.

"We Must Educate or we Must Perish"—"As is the Teacher, so is The School"—"Public Office is a Public Trust."

The time for the election of trustees is nearly here; and there is no more important civil office in the county than that of trustee, so great are the responsibilities attached to it. If a good school is desired, much depends on the trustees. The people should—

Choose the very best business man in the district, who will be successful in business principals to be successful.

Choose a man who is interested in the school as a patron; where one's interests are, there his heart is.

Choose a public spirited man, one who is willing to spend and be spent in the great cause of education.

Choose a conscientious man, one who will accept the trust under oath, will perform it as well as if he were being paid for it.

Choose an intelligent man, who has firmness and force of character; one who will levy any necessary tax and cause its prompt collection; one who has the backbone and common sense to deal with any question or trouble that may arise.

These characteristics the ideal trustee must have.

Seven or eight month schools in every county district should be the heart's desire of every patriotic citizen in nearly all the counties a five month term is the rule, and there are few exemptions to it. Seven months out of school! Which means in most cases seven months of idleness! Seven months retrogression! To get the greatest good out of the school system we should have a minimum term of at least seven months. Reform! Advance! These words convey the ideas that our people should have in mind in dealing with the public school.

While Louisville sent not more than six or eight. But all this is changed now. Those cities send large delegations, while the country schools send a still larger number, to this the great educational council of the Common wealth. Of course teachers are well worn out in July, but this is another reason why they should attend—they can make the occasion a means of recreation. Many, no doubt, are not inclined to attend because, as they modestly say, "I cannot take anything of value to the Association." Why my dear Sir, Miss or Madam, take the most valuable thing on earth—take yourself! Enroll yourself as a member and see how big the army is to which you belong. You will then be less afraid of the irate parent and the disgruntled trustee.

Dr. Clark Accepts.

Marion, Ky., May 22, '95.
To the Citizens of Crittenden and Livingston counties:

After the lapse of a considerable time, and mature consideration in my own mind, I have decided that it would be ungrateful and unpatriotic in me were I not to accept the honor tendered me by my people, which tender was made me by a Peoples Party convention, held some time ago, in the town of Salem, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for representative, for which position I was chosen by a unanimous voice.

This was done without my choice or consent, and I acknowledged and pled that my name be withdrawn and another in my stead be put on, but my pleading was not heard. When I found there was a determination that no further action would be taken in behalf of my request, I felt grateful and highly appreciated the honor and trust confided in me and so expressed myself and asked an indefinite time for consideration, which was granted and that I would give them a definite answer as soon as possible.

In compliance with their request and promise, I now declare myself a candidate to represent the people of Crittenden and Livingston counties.

NOTICE!

If you want to buy Dry Goods, Furnishing Goods, Notions, Fine Shoes, Hats, Etc., Etc.,

CHEAP!

Call on R. F. HAYNES, Jr.

He has as complete a line as you will find in the city, and he will not be undersold.

WE HANDLE THE CELEBRATED

Atwood Suspender,

Try them, you will use no other.

R. F. HAYNES, JR.

system. It behooves trustees—charged with greater responsibility than any other class of civil officers, as they are—to take the initiative in this important matter. They should post notices providing for a vote at the approaching election upon the question of levying the necessary tax for that purpose; in order that the people may say whether they will pay for longer terms or not. The people will be deceived the opportunity to express their wishes if the proper notice be not given. Whatever the result be, the responsibility will not be upon the shoulders of the trustees. In nine cases out of ten a proposition of this kind carries.

Pretty soon many counties, especially those on the northern border of the State, will be overrun by young men and women from the states north of us, canvassing for schools—long before our home teachers have concerned themselves about securing employment. Trustees must take warning against such invaders. Experience has shown that in 99 cases out of every 100 "home talent" is to be preferred—and the reasons are to be obvious to need discussion. The writer of this paragraph in a careful study of all phases of the "teacher problem," has found that the attainments of nearly all these foreign teachers are exceedingly limited; as a rule they have had no experience in teaching and have had only common school training. It is noticeable, too that applicants who have the most meager stock of scholarship are frequently the best "hustlers" when it comes to securing schools. Trustees would do well to hesitate a long time and investigate a great deal before employing one of these would be teachers, who, being unable to secure schools at home, come into Kentucky to train our future citizens. In this connection, let it be borne in mind that it is unlawful to contract with a teacher before July 1. Furthermore, it is best to make haste slowly in selecting teachers. But more along this line a few weeks hence.

There must be progress on educational lines; there is no such thing as standing still. We have been working hard for some time in Kentucky to catch up with the grand educational procession. Just as soon as we are fairly up to where we first saw the advancing army we find that it has moved on and up yet a bill. How shall we get up that height? Who shall pull the artillery, the ammunition wagons and the ambulances? Well, the State Association—the Kentucky Educational Association—must see that the work is done. But who is the Kentucky Association? Until last year it received the largest measure of its strength from the County Superintendents and a few city school principals. Until quite recently not one of the sixty comparatively well paid Newport teachers lent her presence. There were seldom more than two or three from each of the cities of Covington, Mayfield, Henderson, Owensboro, Frankfort and Paris.

in the lower house of the next General Assembly of Kentucky. If I should be honored with this office, I will try to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my skill and ability, regardless of party affiliations, fear or favor. I am in favor of equal rights to all, exclusive privileges to none; am in favor of reducing the salaries of officers in a ratio with the reduced prices paid for labor and labor's productions; am in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the old ratio 16 to 1, and the repeal of the coinage act of 1873, by which silver was demonetized and gold made the standard; and am in favor of equal taxation without the exclusion of U. S. bonds, U. S. banks, bank stocks, or bank securities; am in favor of an economic administration of both state and national governments, without any discrimination among her citizens, am opposed to any and every form of monopoly, by which labor and labor's productions have been reduced one-half to make the richer and the poor poorer, and am in favor of a government of the people, by the people and for the people. These are the fundamental principles of a republican form of free government which I have always endorsed and expect to advocate in the canvass. If the flag of my country must go down, let me go down with it.

Respectfully,
J. R. CLARK.

Plates 25 cents per set.
A. F. Griffith.

Tinware too cheap to advertise.
A. F. Griffith.

New Restaurant

New Confectionery!

I have opened a confectionery and restaurant 2 doors south of Marion Hotel. I have a clean, complete stock of all kinds, fruits of all kinds etc., etc. My prices will be as low as possible for the best grade of goods.

A first class restaurant in connection with other business. Lunches, hot or cold and meals furnished at all hours. Everything neat and clean. Come and see me. Don't forget the place, 2 doors south of Marion Hotel. All kinds of non-intoxicating summer drinks.

MACHEN WILSON.

Cups and saucers 15 cents per set.
A. F. Griffith.

REAL MERIT is the characteristic of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cures even after other preparations fail. Get Hood's and ONLY HOOD'S.

J. H. Morse's CHEAP STORE.

Fine
Shoes,
Dress
Goods
AND
Trimmings.

Furnishing Goods
and Clothing.

WE DO NOT MEAN that we are selling a lot of shoddy goods at a low price. BUT WE DO MEAN that we are giving a better quality in goods for the same money than any house in the county. You can buy ladies black hoes for 10c in any store, but the place that you can buy the best hoes for 10c is the cheapest store for you to buy your black ladies hoes. And what is true in regard to hoes is true in regard to every article kept on sale in any store.

So join the mighty throng that is daily coming to our store and examine qualities a little as well as prices.

We Have a Big Line and New Goods Coming in Every Day!

YOUR SERVANT,

J. H. MORSE

Proprietor of

Cash Store.

Look for our sign—CHEAP STORE. At Cameron's old stand.

SCIENCE OF ALL KINDS.

POOR PICKERING reports the discovery of forty small lakes in Mars.

At a distance of seven miles above the earth no human being can breathe. It is said that subterranean injections of salt have been found useful in the treatment of some forms of insanity.

The use of brick dust mortar as a substitute for hydraulic cement, where the latter cannot be obtained, is now recommended.

When a ray of sunlight falls through an aperture into a darkened room, it is rendered visible as far as it extends. What we actually see, however, is not the ray of light, but the particles of floating dust rendered visible by it.

DR. OTTO NORDENSKIÖLD, a son of Baron Nordenskiöld, is to lead the Swedish antarctic expedition now being organized in Stockholm. Dr. Axel Ohlin, of the university of Lund, and a member of the expedition of last year, will also be member of the expedition, which will start from Stockholm in July.

DR. EDEN, in the following table, gives the number of drops required to make a cubic centimeter, showing the variations in the size of drops of different liquids: Water, 20; hydrochloric acid, 25; nitric acid, 27; sulphuric acid, 28; acetic acid, 30; castor oil, 45; olive oil, 47; oil of turpentine, 55; alcohol, 62; ether, 85.

MILITARY HISTORY.

On June 2, 1857, Gen. Grant issued the order for the disbanding of the army from the war department at Washington.

The battle of Barret was one of the most decisive ever fought. It was in 1471, and closed the age of baron rule in England.

At Gettysburg 143,000 men were opposed, and of this number the total federal loss was 23,151; the total confederate loss 27,003.

On August 22, 1855, the battle of Bosworth field was fought, and Richard III. was killed. So it was the end of the last king of England of the line of the Plantagenets.

The battle of the British soldiers is a name given to the battle of Edinburg, November 5, 1855, because the British troops bore the brunt of the fighting.

There was no draft of men during the civil war until 1863. The first draft was authorized by act of April 10, 1862, but did not begin until July, 1862.

In the battle of Marengo 35,000 men participated, and of that number 13,000 were killed or wounded, about twenty percent. Napoleon thought Marengo his greatest victory. He always kept throughout life the uniform he wore on that day.

MUSIC AND ART.

No fewer than eighty-six plans have been sent in for the new Egyptian museum at Cairo, some coming from America. The premiums will be awarded soon.

Mascagni has written another opera, soon to be brought out in Milan. It is called "Silvano," has no chorus, and only three characters. Signor de Lucia will sing the tenor part.

Miss SHEL SANDERSON, the prima donna, who has had lots of bad luck here, will leave in a few days for France to rest and says she will try it all over again next season.

Paderewski, after his Leipzig concert, was made a knight of the first class of the order of Albert by the king of Saxony. He is now playing at the Lazzaroni concert, in Paris, and is also working on the orchestration of his Polish opera.

JAMES VOORHEES, a son of Senator Voorhees, of Indiana, who has done some creditable work as a sculptor, has been commissioned by the committee on the library of congress to execute a bust of Col. Richard M. Johnston, of Kentucky, who was vice president of the United States from 1837 to 1841, and is popularly supposed to have killed the famous "Tommie" at the battle of Tippecanoe.

OUR WOMEN.

Now a Tribby foot silver pin has appeared. It is neither beautiful nor tasteful.

Miss BRICE, daughter of the Ohio senator, is reported engaged to Henry Outram Bax-Francis, second secretary of the British embassy.

The steamer Natchez, which runs between New Orleans and Vicksburg, is offered by women. The captain is Mrs. Tom Feathers.

Mrs. GRIDER, wife of the editor of the Century Magazine, never pays calls. She entertains a great deal and says that she would be killed if she had to make formal calls.

The master of an ocean steamer, who has experienced all the perils of sea, asserts that during times of disaster women are more self-possessed and more heroic than men.

Mrs. L. E. CASTLE, of Callender, Ia., has qualified to act as justice of the peace. Her husband runs a drug store in her name, and thus her initials were used on the ballots instead of his. As there was no law against her acting as justice, she has been sworn in.

THE WORK-A-DAY WORLD.

The use of naphtha residues as fuel is every year increasing in Russia.

Nearly all the glass eyes used in the world are made in Tübingen, Germany.

Coal is dearer in South Africa than in any other part of the world, and is cheapest in China.

Edward Atkinson says that the time will come when the fiber in the cotton stalk will be utilized, and there are important elements for tanning and dyeing in the root.

Ireland sent out 35,000 emigrants in 1894, 12,287 less than the year before. It is the smallest number recorded since 1851, when the statistics of emigration were first collected.

If Joseph Jefferson has really found rock salt on his Louisiana land, he may have a fortune awaiting him. Some of the Louisiana salt deposits are among the richest in the United States.

ABOUT THE WRITERS.

JOHN JACOB ASTOR, who has made a beginning as an author, is ambitious to become a playwright.

EDWARD KIRKING is spending several weeks at the capital. He has been making a close study of George Washington's life.

The funeral services of Robert Louis Stevenson in San Francisco were conducted by missionaries of the London Missionary society.

WILHELM HERBERT SPENCER bankrupted himself by the publication of charts to go with his philosophic books, a French high-kicking concert hall singer pocketed \$2,000 a week at a New York place of amusement.

EDWARD KIRKING's father, John Lockwood Kirkling, proposed to his mother, Alice MacDonald, on the shore of Tullymore lake, England, and was accepted.

The author was named Rudyard in honor of that romantic episode. Phoebe, who is lecturing on American forestry at the Museum of Natural History in New York, illustrates the durability of wood by exhibiting an Egyptian image made of wood which he states is at least 4,000 years old.

Among the eccentricities that Harriet Beecher Stowe is said to have developed in her old age is a detestation of all reference to her famous book, "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

She can stand no allusion, however veiled, to her noted novel, and her friends are very careful to prevent the mention of the book in her presence.

SONS OF REPUBLICS.

The salary of the president of Mexico is \$30,000.

PRESIDENT FAURE, of France, is very fond of the society of actors, litterateurs, artists, etc. Under his regime the Elysee has taken on a more bohemian aspect than it has worn for years.

The new president of France, M. Faure, has become extremely popular among the soldiers of the palace guard of honor by giving them an extra allowance of wine every day from his private cellar.

M. CASIMIR PERIER, the ex-president of France, has returned to Paris, and those who have met him say that he looks like a different man, at least five years younger than when carrying the burdens of office.

SINOR MENDONÇA, the Brazilian minister at Washington, has the Napoleon complex, though it dates back long before the present fad. He possesses articles of furniture used by the emperor, his snuff-box and various household belongings, some ornamented with the imperial bees, and others with the letter "N." Altogether the collection is a very valuable one, as it contains several unique pieces.

PICKED UP.

In Switzerland one hundred of every one thousand stone cutters die of consumption; in England the rate is 340 deaths per 1,000.

The Massachusetts Historical society received \$30,000 and the home of the late Rev. Dr. George E. Ellis from his estate, and the American Antiquarian society \$10,000.

At a recent London stamp sale a Cape Verde postage stamp, which was an error, brought \$25; a four-penny red, also an error, \$200; a ninepenny, Great Britain, bistre, \$100; and a £1 violet, Great Britain, watermark cross, \$102.

The ex-queen of Hawaii, Mrs. Donnell, has among her treasures a letter from a congressman of the United States who expressed his warm wish for her restoration and inclosed a picture of his baby girl, whom he had named Lilualani.

The following death announcement appeared the other day in the Frankfurter Tagespost, Nuremberg: "The life principle of our dear wife and mother ended today, in the fifty-fifth year of her existence. The material will be given back to earth in the graveyard on Saturday."

PEOPLE OF THE ORIENT.

The maharajah of Kuch Behar, India, has given an order to a Birmingham firm to make for him a silver dessert service that will cost more than \$15,000.

The empress dowager of China has been relieved of all responsibility, but she is much worried over the question as to how many peacock's feathers she ought to wear on her new spring bonnet.

MATSEI, the new secretary of the Japanese legation at Washington, is only about twenty-seven years old. He is a graduate of the Imperial university at Tokio. Mr. Matsui succeeded Mr. Miyao, who was recently transferred to Berlin.

MR. KUBO, the Japanese minister at Washington, is very fond of society, and he and the chancellor of the legation, a Japanese who speaks several languages, and is a most courteous and sociable young man, go out a great deal and have become very popular with the hospitable people at the capital.

RECENT INVENTIONS.

An electric hair-curler is a new thing. A patent has just been granted on a process for saving lead fumes in smelting.

A "CHASER" that is shot from a rocket and shoots around the heavens for fully ten minutes, has been invented by a man in Victoria, Australia.

A window cleaner composed of a brush having a water reservoir attached and arranged to supply water to the brushing surface is among late novelties.

As alarm letter box is a recent invention. When a package is dropped in it sounds a bell in the house, to inform the listeners that the postman has brought a letter.

At the yachting exhibition in London is shown a "combed ship's bonny." It is carried on deck, and when the ship sinks it floats and records at once the hour and minute of the disaster. It then automatically fires rockets, burns blue lights, shows a lamp, and rings a bell.

THE ARMS OF EUROPE.

The army and navy of England cost \$100,000,000 a year.

The lowest sick rate in the English navy service in 1893 was on the south coast of America station, and the highest on the China station.

A Russian economist estimates the annual cost of armed peace in Europe at \$2,000,000,000. How vastly less expensive it would be to maintain an unarmed peace!

A new enter sole is being tried on the boots of the German soldiers by direct order of the emperor. It consists of a paste of linseed oil varnish and iron filings, which is said to require the sole flexible and make it more durable than the new aluminum boot nails.

Two new British torpedo-boats, the *Blackburn* and *Contest*, built by Laird, show high speed with fewer revolutions than others of their class. The *Blackburn* made a three-hour trial with an average speed of 27 knots, and the *Contest* of 28 knots. These two boats are 210 feet long.

The Russian war office has decided to use henceforth exclusively gray horses for artillery purposes, the reason given for the innovation being that animals of this color have been found by experience to be stronger and more enduring than the brown ones now used.

Experiments were recently made near Annville of the penetration of the label rifle as far as a bank of snow. Walls from 10 to 16 inches thick were built, and from a distance of fifty yards the bullet stopped in every case at a penetration of five feet six inches. The striking velocity was 2,025 feet per second.

AMERICAN STATESMEN.

REPRESENTATIVE WILLIAM SULZER, of New York, has already made his mark in Washington. His glancing remarks are works of art and the wonder of the city.

MINISTER BAKER sends up an appeal from Nicaragua for a calendar, as there is not one in the city of Managua. He needs a calendar to keep time on the revolutions.

WALKER HAMPTON declares that women and horses are "just alike, and require the same treatment. There's only one way to get along with them: Use your strongest curbs on the fast ones and lash the slow ones like the devil."

Since the death of his wife, Allen G. Thurman, affectionately known as "The Old Roman," has become a strict recluse. He reads all night, and spends the day asleep in his library in his house at Columbus, O. He is now 82 years old.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND is said to be in better health than he has been in for many years past. His complexion is clear and he carries himself like a man who has given up all thoughts of becoming a confirmed invalid. His recent duck-shooting expedition was of great benefit to him.

DAME FASHION'S DECREES.

Revered galleons is used to edge the reverse and collar of velvet waists.

Valerian leaves is coming into popularity, and blouse waists made of it are worn over white silk underdresses.

Floored gowns are very popular, and some of the new blouses made of them are trimmed with very wide soft lace.

It is said that sleeves in shirt waists are to be larger, but this is improbable, as by this means the shirt waist would be robbed of its distinctive characteristic.

A quantity of very small tucks made by hand may be seen among the novelties. Fine mull, organdie and linen lawn waists made up with these little tucks are to be worn.

The fancy for colored underwear continues, and exquisite sets are made of batiste and muslin in very light tints. The trimmings are either edgings or embroidery.

Embroidered hosiery is popular, the thin and ankle showing extremely pretty designs, all very small and done in silk. There are also openwork and lace-work hose in abundance.

PLANTS AND TREES.

Over forty million trees have been planted in Switzerland in seven years. In the effort to "reforest" the country.

In spite of the cold weather one hundred and forty-four specimens of wild plants in bloom or in bud were counted in Somersetshire in the last weeks of December.

It is said that Rev. Dr. McGlynn, who lives in the pretty little rectory adjoining his church in Newburg, N. Y., devotes all his leisure to the cultivation of flowers.

Cultivated plums, of which there are several hundred varieties, all descended from the original species, which was a native of the south Caucasian country.

At the New gardens a greenish glass has been used for the greenhouse for half a century. Recently experiments with ordinary white glass showed such a remarkable improvement in the plants that the green glass will be given up altogether.

ECHOES OF THE RAIL.

MICHIGAN has 7,572 miles of railway. There are 8,738 miles of railway in Ohio.

During last year not a railway passenger was killed in Michigan.

Twenty railway companies use and own rights of way into Chicago.

The Brooklyn elevated railroad has begun work on apparatus for lighting its stations by electricity.

Four hundred and forty-two persons were killed on the railways in Ohio last year, but only one of these was a passenger.

In Baltimore free transfers are now issued at some 40 points. In some cases it is possible to ride 20 miles for a single fare.

To keep down expense it is stated that the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western has not pushed repairs, and as a result now has at Scranton 145 crippled locomotives.

1 HISTORY OF THE GREAT ENDORSE.

Electropoise.

Rev. John Rodgers, Danville, Ky.—It is a mystery to me, almost a miracle.

Rev. Z. M. Cottenburg, Ky.—I have used it for five years and find it invaluable as a cure for all nervous and is a cure in cases of feeble women and delicate children.

Rev. Robert Barrett, Louisville, Baptist Ministry—Electropoise cured after all other remedies failed.

Rev. W. W. Bue, Houstonville, Ky.—Electropoise cured opium habit.

Rev. Geo. Means, Covington, Ky.—In no night Electropoise relieved brain congestion and vertigo.

We add in this paper, with similar reports, but think the sufficient to interest you in reading for book or subject of health. Electropoise cost four months for \$10.

DEBOTA & WEBB, 409 Fourth Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

Commissioner's Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of W. G. Koon, deceased, are hereby notified to present same properly proven, at my office in Marion, Ky., on or before June 15, 1895. All claims not thus presented will be by law forever barred.

DEBOTA & WEBB, 409 Fourth Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

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DEBOTA & WEBB, 409 Fourth Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

O. V. R. R.

TIME CARD.

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS.

DAILY No. 1 No. 2
Lv. Evansville 7:00 a.m. 7:30 p.m.
Ar. Henderson 7:17 a.m. 7:47 p.m.
Ar. Morganfield 8:11 a.m. 8:41 p.m.
Ar. Henderson 9:04 a.m. 9:34 p.m.
Ar. Marion 9:49 a.m. 10:19 p.m.
Ar. Princeton 10:40 a.m. 11:10 p.m.
Ar. Hopkinsville 12:10 p.m. 9:15 p.m.

NORTH BOUND TRAINS.

DAILY No. 1 No. 2
Lv. Hopkinsville 12:10 p.m. 9:15 p.m.
Ar. Princeton 10:40 a.m. 11:10 p.m.
Ar. Marion 9:49 a.m. 10:19 p.m.
Ar. Henderson 9:04 a.m. 9:34 p.m.
Ar. Morganfield 8:11 a.m. 8:41 p.m.
Ar. Henderson 7:17 a.m. 7:47 p.m.
Ar. Evansville 7:00 a.m. 7:30 p.m.

UNIONTOWN BRANCH.

DAILY No. 1 No. 2
Lv. Uniontown 10:00 a.m. 7:00 p.m.
Ar. Uniontown 1:34 p.m. 7:40 a.m.
Ar. Morganfield 5:00 a.m. 8:05 a.m.

Dr. J. W. Jordan,

THE WELL KNOWN

DENTIST.

Has permanently located in Marion, Ky., and is prepared to perform all the latest and most improved methods of dental surgery.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain. Full set of teeth, guaranteed, from \$15 to \$25. I will be in town every third Saturday.

SCIENCE OF ALL KINDS.

PROF. PICKERING reports the discovery of forty small lakes in Mars. At a distance of seven miles above the earth no human being can breathe. It is said that subterranean injections of salt have been found useful in the treatment of some forms of insanity. The use of brick dust mortar as a substitute for hydraulic cement, where the latter cannot be obtained, is now recommended.

When a ray of sunlight falls through an aperture into a darkened room, it is rendered visible as far as it extends. What we actually see, however, is not the ray of light, but the particles of dust floating dust rendered visible by it.

DR. OTTO NORDENSKIÖLD, a son of Baron Nordenskiöld, is to lead the Swedish antarctic expedition now being organized in Stockholm. Dr. Axel Ohlin, of the university of Lund, and a member of the expedition of last year, will also be a member of the expedition, which will start from Stockholm in July.

DR. EDER, in the following table, gives the number of drops required to make a cubic centimeter, showing the variations in the size of drops of different liquids: Water, 20; hydrochloric acid, 20; nitric acid, 27; sulphuric acid, 28; acetic acid, 33; castor oil, 44; olive oil, 47; oil of turpentine, 55; alcohol, 62; ether, 85.

MILITARY HISTORY.

On June 2, 1865, Gen. Grant issued the order for the disbanding of the army from the war department at Washington.

The battle of Barret was one of the most decisive ever fought. It was in 1471, and closed the age of baron rule in England.

At Gettysburg 140,000 men were opposed, and of this number the total federal loss was 23,191; the total confederate loss 27,000.

On August 23, 1855, the battle of Bosworth field was fought, and Richard III. was killed. Such was the end of the last king of England of the line of the Plantagenets.

The battle of the British soldiers is a name given to the battle of Inkermann, November 5, 1854, because the British troops bore the brunt of the fighting.

There was no draft of men during the civil war until 1863. The first draft was authorized by act of April 16, 1862, but did not begin until July, 1863.

In the battle of Marengo 25,000 men participated, and of that number 13,000 were killed or wounded, about twenty-two percent. Napoleon thought Marengo his greatest victory. He always kept throughout the life the uniform he wore on that day.

MUSIC AND ART.

No fewer than eighty-six plans have been sent in for the new Egyptian museum at Cairo, some coming from America. The premiums will be awarded soon.

MASCAGNI has written another opera, soon to be brought out at Milan. It is called "Silvana," and has no chorus, only three characters. Signor de Lucia will sing the tenor part.

Miss SHIRLEY SANDERSON, the prima donna, who has had lots of bad luck to rest and says she will try it all over again next season.

PAINTER WELSH, after his Leipzig concert, was made a knight of the first class of the Order of Albert by the king of Saxony. He is now playing at the Lamoureux concert, in Paris, and is also working on the orchestration of his Polish opera.

JAMES VOORHEES, a son of Senator Voorhees, of Indiana, who has done some creditable work as a sculptor, has been commissioned by the committee on the library of congress to execute a bust of Col. Richard M. Johnston, of Kentucky, who was vice president of the United States from 1857 to 1861, and is popularly supposed to have killed the famous Tecumseh at the battle of Tippecanoe.

OUR WOMEN.

Now a Trilby foot silver pin has appeared. It is neither beautiful nor tasteful.

Miss BRICK, daughter of the Ohio senator, is reported engaged to Henry Outram Bax-Francis, second secretary of the British embassy.

The steamer Natchez, which runs between New Orleans and Vicksburg, is owned by women. The captain is Mrs. Tom Leathers.

Mrs. GILDER, wife of the editor of the Century Magazine, never pays calls. She entertains a great deal and says that she would be killed if she had to make formal calls.

The master of an ocean steamer, who has experienced several perils at sea, asserts that during times of disaster women are more self-possessed and more heroic than men.

Mrs. L. E. CASTLE, of Callender, Ia., has qualified to act as justice of the peace. Her husband runs a drug store in her name, and thus her initials were used on the ballots instead of his.

As there was no law against her acting as justice, she has been sworn in.

THE WORK-A-DAY WORLD.

The use of naphtha residues as fuel is every year increasing in Russia.

Nearly all the glass eyes used in the world are made in Thuringia, Germany. Coal is dearer in South Africa than in any other part of the world, and is cheapest in China.

Edward Atkinson says that the time will come when the fiber in the cotton stalk will be utilized, and there are important elements for tanning and dyeing in the root.

Ireland sent out 35,000 emigrants in 1894, 12,287 less than the year before. It is the smallest number recorded since 1851, when the statistics of emigration were first collected.

If Joseph Jefferson has really found rock salt on his Louisiana land, he may have a fortune awaiting him. Some of the Louisiana salt deposits are, among the richest in the United States.

ABOUT THE WRITERS.

JOHN JACOB ASTOR, who has made a beginning as an author, is ambitious to become a playwright.

REYNARD KIPLING is spending several weeks at the capital. He has been making a close study of George Washington.

The funeral services of Robert Louis Stevenson in Samoa were conducted by missionaries of the London Missionary society.

While Herbert Spencer bankrupted himself by the publication of charts to go with his philosophic books, a French high-sounding concert hall singing society is making a close study of George Washington.

REYNARD KIPLING's father, John Lockwood Kipling, proposed to his mother, Alice Macdonald, on the shore of Ebury lake, England, and was accepted. The author was named Reynard in honor of that romantic episode.

PROF. PICKERING, who is lecturing on American history at the Museum of Natural History in New York, illustrates the durability of wood by exhibiting an Egyptian image made of wood which he states is at least 4,000 years old.

AMONG the eccentricities that Harriet Beecher Stowe is said to have developed in her old age is a detestation of all reference to her famous book, "Uncle Tom's Cabin." She can stand no allusion, however veiled, to her noted novel, and her friends and relatives are very careful to prevent the mention of the book in her presence.

SONS OF REPUBLICS.

The salary of the president of Mexico is \$20,000.

PRESIDENT FAURE, of France, is very fond of the society of actors, litterateurs, artists, etc. Under his regime the Elysee has taken on a more bohemian aspect than it has worn for years.

The new president of France, M. Faure, has become extremely popular among the soldiers of the palace guard of honor by giving them an extra allowance of wine every day from his private cellar.

M. CASIMIR-PERIER, the ex-president of France, has returned to Paris, and those who have met him say that he looks like a different man, at least five years younger than when carrying the burdens of office.

SENIOR MEXDONCA, the Brazilian minister at Washington, has the Napoleon craze, though it dates back long before the present fall. He possesses articles of furniture used by the emperor, his snuff-box and various household belongings, some ornamented with the imperial bees and others with the letter "N." Altogether the collection is a very valuable one, as it contains several unique pieces.

PICKED UP.

In Switzerland one hundred of every one thousand stone cutters die of consumption; in England the rate is 340 deaths per 1,000.

THE Massachusetts Historical society received \$30,000 and the home of the late Mr. George L. Ellis from his estate, and the American Antiquarian society \$10,000.

At a recent London stamp sale a Cape of Good Hope one-penny blue stamp, an error, brought \$25; a four-penny red, also an error, \$200; a nine-penny, Great Britain, \$100, and a £1 violet, Great Britain, watermark a cross, \$102.

THE ex-queen of Hawaii, Mrs. Domitila, has among her treasures a letter from the congressman of the United States who expressed his warm wish for her restoration and inclosed a picture of his baby girl, whom he had named Liliuokalani.

The following death announcement appeared the other day in the Frankische Tagespost, Nuremberg: "The life principle of our dear wife and mother ended to-day, in the fifty-fifth year of her existence. The material will be given back to earth in the graveyard on Saturday."

PEOPLE OF THE ORIENT.

THE maharajah of Kuch Behar, India, has given an order to a Birmingham firm to make for him a silver, dessert service that will cost more than \$15,000.

The empress dowager of China has been relieved of all responsibility, but she is much worried over the question as to how many peacock's feathers she ought to wear on her new spring bonnet.

MATSU, the new secretary of the Japanese legation at Washington, is only about twenty-seven years old. He is a graduate of the Imperial university at Tokio. Mr. Matsu succeeds Mr. Miyaki, who was recently transferred to Berlin.

MR. KEBISO, the Japanese minister at Washington, is very fond of society, and he and the chancellor of the legation, a Japanese who speaks several languages, and is a most courteous and sociable young man, go out a great deal and have become very popular with the hospitable people at the capital.

RECENT INVENTIONS.

An electric hair-curler is a new thing. A patent has just been granted on a process for saving lead fumes in smelting.

A "CHASER" that is shot from a rocket and shoots around the heavens for fully ten minutes, has been invented by a man in Victoria, Australia.

A window cleaner composed of a brush having a water reservoir attached and arranged to supply water to the brushing surface is among late novelties.

An alarm letter box is a recent invention. When a packet is dropped in it sounds a bell in the house, to inform the listeners that the postman has brought a letter.

At the yachting exhibition in London is shown a combined ship's buoy. It is carried on deck, and when the ship sinks it floats and records at once the hour and minute of the disaster. It then automatically fires rockets, burns blue lights, shows a lamp, and rings a bell.

THE ARMS OF EUROPE.

The army and navy of England cost \$100,000,000 a year.

The lowest sick rate in the English navy service in 1893 was on the south-east coast of America station, and the highest on the China station.

A RUSSIAN economist estimates the annual cost of armed peace in Europe at \$2,000,000,000. How vastly less expensive it would be to maintain an armed peace!

A NEW outsole is being tried on the boots of the German soldiers by direct order of the emperor. It consists of a paste of linseed oil varnish and iron filings, which is said to render the sole flexible and make it more durable than the new aluminum boot nails.

Two new British torpedo-boat destroyers, the Bantoe and Contest, built by Laird, show high speed with fewer revolutions than others of their class. The Bantoe made a three-hour trial with an average speed of 27.6 knots with 245 revolutions. These two boats are 210 feet long.

The Russian war office has decided to use henceforth exclusively gray horses for artillery purposes, the reason given for the innovation being that animals of this color have been found by experience to be stronger and more enduring than the brown ones now used.

EXPERIMENTS were recently made near Aurillac of the penetration of the Lebel rifle against a bank of snow. Walls from three to six meters thick were penetrated from a distance of fifty yards; the bullet stopped in every case at a penetration of five feet six inches. The striking velocity was 2,035 per second.

AMERICAN STATESMEN.

REPRESENTATIVE WILLIAM SULZER, of New York, has already made his mark in Washington. His glaring red cravats are works of art and the wonder of the city.

MINISTER BAKER sends up an appeal from Nicaragua for a calendar, as there is not one in the city of Managua. He needs a calendar to keep time on the revolutions.

WANG HAMPDEN declares that women and horses are "just alike, and require the same treatment. There's only one way to get along with them: Use your strongest curbs on the fast ones and lash the slow ones like the devil."

THE death of his wife, Allen G. Thurman, affectionately known as "The Old Roman," has become a strict reclus. He reads all night, and spends the day asleep in his library in his house at Columbus, O. He is now 82 years old.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND is said to be in better health than he has been in for some years past. His complexion is clear and he carries himself like a man who had given up all thoughts of becoming a confirmed invalid. His recent duck-shooting expedition was of great benefit to him.

DAME FASHION'S DECREES.

BEADED galloons is used to edge the reverse and collars of velvet waistcoats.

VALENTIENES lace is coming into popularity, and blouse waists made of it are among the white silk underclothes.

FLOWERED organdies are very popular, and some of the new blouses made of them are trimmed with very wide soft lace.

It is said that sleeves in shirt waists are to be larger, but this is improbable, as by this means the shirt waist would be robbed of its distinctive characteristic.

A QUANTITY of very small trunks made by hand may be seen among the novelties. Fine mull, organdie and linen lawn waists made up with these little trunks are to be worn.

THE fancy for colored underwear continues, and exquisite sets are made of batiste and nainsook in very light tints. The trimmings are either edgings or embroidery.

EMBROIDERED hosiery is popular, the instep and ankle showing extremely pretty designs, all very small and done in silk. There are also openwork and lace-woven hose in abundance.

PLANTS AND TREES.

OVER forty million trees have been planted in Switzerland in several years, in the effort to "reforest" the country.

In spite of the cold weather one hundred and forty-four specimens of wild plants in bloom or in bud were counted in Somersetshire in the last weeks of December.

It is said that Rev. Dr. McGlynn, who lives in the pretty little rectory adjoining his church in Newburg, N. Y., devotes all his leisure to the cultivation of flowers.

CULTIVATED plums, of which there are several hundred varieties, all descended from the original species, which was a native of the south Caucasian country.

At the Kew gardens a greenish glass has been used for the greenhouses for half a century. Recently experiments with ordinary white glass showed such a remarkable improvement in the plants that the green glass will be given up altogether.

ECHOES OF THE RAIL.

MICHIGAN has 7,573 miles of railway. There are 8,738 miles of railway in Ohio.

DURING last year not a railway passenger was killed in Michigan.

TWENTY railway companies use and own rights of way into Chicago.

The Brooklyn elevated railroad has begun work on apparatus for lighting its stations by electricity.

FOUR HUNDRED and FORTY-TWO persons were killed on the railways in Ohio last year, but only one of these was a passenger.

In Baltimore free transfers are now issued at some 40 points. In some cases it is possible to ride 30 miles for a single fare.

TO KEEP down expense it is stated that the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western has not pushed repairs, and as a result now has at Scranton 145 crippled locomotives.

DRINKERS OF THE GOSPEL.

ENDORSE

Electropoise.

Rev. John Rodgers, Danville, Ky.—It is a mystery to me, almost a miracle.

Rev. Z. Meek, Cadott, Wis.—I have used it for five years and find it invaluable as a curative agent, especially in cases of feeble women and delicate children.

Rev. Robert Barrett, Louisville Baptist Seminary—Electropoise cured after all other remedies failed.

Rev. W. W. Bruce, Houstonville, Ky.—Electropoise cured opium habit.

Rev. Geo. Means, Covington, Ky.—In one night Electropoise relieved brain congestion and vertigo.

We could fill this paper with similar reports, but think this sufficient to interest you in sending for book or the subject of health. Electropoise cost four months for \$10.

DEBOIS & WEBB, 409 Fourth Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

Commissioner's Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of W. G. Koon, deceased, are hereby notified to present same properly proven, at my office in Marion, Ky., on or before June 15, '95.

All claims not thus presented will be by law forever barred.

April 23, '95. A. Wilborn, Commissioner.

Commissioner's Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of A. A. Crider, deceased, are hereby notified to present, properly proven, at my office in Marion, Ky., on or before June 17, 1895.

All claims not thus presented will be by law forever barred.

April 23, '95. A. Wilborn, Commissioner.

Commissioner's Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of S. O. Nunn, deceased, are hereby notified to present same properly proven at my office in Marion, Ky., on or before June 15, '95.

All claims not thus presented will be by law forever barred.

April 23, '95. A. Wilborn, Commissioner.

Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of Thomas Smith, deceased, are hereby notified and will take notice that they are required to present their claims, properly proven, on or before the 1st day of July, 1895, and all claims not presented by that date will be barred. This April 23, 1895.

A. S. Hard, Adm'r.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine which Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the first dose—won't stain your skin, and is pleasant to take.

It Cures Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Neuralgia, Headache, Malaria, Nervous ailments, Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two stamps we will send you a copy of "The Wonderful World's Fair Vistas" and book-free.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

O. V. R. R.

TIME CARD.

SOUTH BOUND TRAINS.

DAILY	No. 2	DAILY	No. 4
Lv. Evansville.....	6.00 am	3.30 pm	
Ar. Henderson.....	7.17	4.30	
" Morgantown.....	8.13	5.15	
" Henshaw.....	8.36	5.38	
" Sturgis.....	9.04	6.3	
" Marion.....	9.49	6.44	
" Princeton.....	10.0	7.4	
" Gracely.....	11.49	8.51	
" Hopkinsville.....	12.10 pm	9.15	

NORTH BOUND TRAINS.

DAILY	No. 1	DAILY	No. 3
Lv. Hopkinsville.....	5.4 am	2.4 pm	
Ar. Gracely.....	6.03	3.08	
" Princeton.....	6.3	4.00	
" Morgantown.....	7.46	5.53	
" Marion.....	8.11	6.3	
" Sturgis.....	9.04	6.54	
" Henshaw.....	9.31	7.20	
" Morgantown.....	9.54	7.42	
" Henderson.....	10.50	8.40	
" Evansville.....	11.35	9.30	

UNIONTOWN BRANCH.

DAILY	No. 11	DAILY	No. 12
Lv. Morgantown.....	10.0 am	7.0 pm	
Ar. Uniontown.....	10.2	8.15	
Lv. Uniontown.....	4.31 pm	7.40 am	
Ar. Morgantown.....	5.00	8.05	

Dr. J. W. Jordan,

THE WELL KNOWN

DENTIST.

Has permanent location in Marion. Teeth Extracted Without Pain.

Full set of teeth, guaranteed, from \$15 to \$30. I will be in town every third Saturday.

Fun for Farmers!

PLOW PRICES.

I will sell the following well-known, standard plows at the following prices, for cash:

Vulcan chilled plow, No. 12	\$7.10
Vulcan chilled plow No. 10	6.10
Ross clipper No. 46, steel	8.75
Ross clipper No. 56, steel	9.40
Hielman O. K. No. 25, steel	8.25
Hielman O. K. No. 35	9.25
Poney one horse steel	2.50
Old Erie Pet	3.25
Old Erie O	3.50
Hielman best wood beam double shovel	2.00

Extra points with all plows. Full line of points and repairs at same old prices. Also a full line of new ground plows. All other goods going at similar prices.

F. C. MOORE, Marion, Ky.

New Tin Shop.

I have opened a tin shop upstairs over Pierce & Son's store and am prepared to do all kinds of tin work. Roofing and guttering a specialty. Repairing of all kinds done on short notice. All work guaranteed. Roof painting a reasonable price.

THEO. VOSIER.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Sal Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. K. Woods.

MARES For Sale.

We have four very fine standard bred registered mares to sell at reasonable prices.

Pierce & Son.

CO. & S.W. R. R.

Chesapeake Ohio and Southwestern R. R.

THE BEST LINE

LOUISVILLE AND MEMPHIS.

ALSO FROM AND TO CINCINNATI AND EVANSVILLE.

Do not purchase a Ticket—NORTH, EAST, SOUTH OR WEST Until you have consulted Agent of the C. O. & S. W. R. R.

LIMITED TRAINS. PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS, MODERN EQUIPMENT

